

## 星展銀行(香港)有限公司 DBS BANK (HONG KONG) LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

# GROUP INTERIM FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

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#### **REVIEW OF ACTIVITIES**

The Bank achieved a strong performance, with net profit rising 10% year-on-year to HK\$4,109 million for the six months ended 30 June 2025. Return on equity was at 17%.

Total income grew 7% to HK\$8,752 million driven by non-interest income, well compensated the decline in net interest income. Non-interest income had a robust growth of 30% driven by continued momentum in wealth management. Net interest income declined 5% impacted by lower interest rates despite moderated loan growth, with net interest margin at 2.17% for the first half of 2025. Loans and advances to customers rose 3% to HK\$273 billion whereas deposits and balances from customers increased 11% to HK\$432 billion from a year ago, driven by both current and savings account balance and fixed deposits.

Expenses rose 4% to HK\$3,263 million for the period mainly due to higher staff costs. Cost-to-income ratio was healthy at 37%.

Operating profit reached HK\$5,489 million, 9% higher than the same period of last year.

Allowances for credit and other losses were HK\$604 million, 4% lower comparing with the same period of last year. Allowance coverage was maintained at an adequate level of 108%.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (unaudited)

		For the six month	ns ended
		30 June	30 June
In HK\$ millions	Note	2025	2024
Interest income	3	9,771	10,961
Interest expense	4	(4,584)	(5,485)
Net interest income		5,187	5,476
Net fee and commission income	5	2,687	2,095
Net trading income	6	829	589
Net (loss)/income from investment securities	7	(5)	17
Other income	8	54	31
Total income		8,752	8,208
Total expenses	9	(3,263)	(3,152)
Profit before allowances for credit and other			
losses		5,489	5,056
Allowances for credit and other losses	10	(604)	(628)
Profit before income tax		4,885	4,428
Income tax expense	11	(776)	(703)
Profit attributable to shareholders			
	:	4,109	3,725

The notes on page 8 to 32 form part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** (unaudited)

For the six montl	ns ended
30 June	30 June
2025	2024
4,109	3,725
288	33
(22)	(6)
(36)	(5)
	(331)
` ,	434
(153)	(17)
15	182
1,020	290
5,129	4,015
	30 June 2025 4,109 288 (22) (36) 963 (35) (153)

## **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** (unaudited)

		As at 30 June	As at 31 December
In HK\$ millions	Note	2025	2024
Assets			
Cash and balances with central banks	13	6,285	2,778
Government securities and treasury bills	14	93,415	78,469
Due from banks	15	85,695	86,094
Derivative assets	22	3,519	5,166
Bank and corporate securities	16	46,971	38,895
Loans and advances to customers	17	273,126	269,983
Other assets	18	7,992	5,505
Properties and other fixed assets	19	4,780	4,933
Total assets		521,783	491,823
Liabilities			
Due to banks		15,122	14,791
Deposits and balances from customers	20	431,856	405,134
Derivative liabilities	22	3,322	4,125
Other liabilities		19,868	15,473
Subordinated liability	21	2,355	2,329
Total liabilities		472,523	441,852
Equity			
Share capital		8,995	8,995
Other equity instruments	23	1,400	1,400
Reserves		38,865	39,576
Total equity		49,260	49,971
Total liabilities and equity		521,783	491,823

The notes on page 8 to 32 form part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (unaudited)

In HK\$ millions	Share capital	Other equity instruments	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity
Balance as at 1 January 2025	8,995	1,400	1,151	38,425	49,971
Total comprehensive income	-	-	1,020	4,109	5,129
Dividends (Note 12)				(5,840)	(5,840)
Balance as at 30 June 2025	8,995	1,400	2,171	36,694	49,260
Balance as at 1 January 2024	8,995	1,400	(15)	36,348	46,728
Total comprehensive income	-	_	290	3,725	4,015
Dividends (Note 12)				(40)	(40)
Balance as at 30 June 2024	8,995	1,400	275	40,033	50,703
Total comprehensive income	-	-	876	3,892	4,768
Dividends (Note 12)				(5,500)	(5,500)
Balance as at 31 December 2024	8,995	1,400	1,151	38,425	49,971

As at 30 June 2025, HK\$63 million was earmarked from the retained earnings (31 December 2024: HK\$295 million). The regulatory reserve is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance for prudential supervision purposes. Movements in the reserve were made directly through retained earnings and in consultation with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

The notes on page 8 to 32 form part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (unaudited)

		For the six months ended	
		30 June	30 June
In HK\$ millions	Note	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before income tax		4,885	4,428
Adjustments for non-cash items:			
Allowances for credit and other losses		604	628
Depreciation expenses		248	251
Advances and other assets written off		(319)	(263)
Recoveries of advances and other assets			
written off		30	33
Interest expense for subordinated liability		73	86
Interest expense on lease liabilities	27(a)	11	11
Profit before changes in operating assets			
and liabilities		5,532	5,174
Increase/(decrease) in:			
Due to banks		331	3,716
Deposits and balances from customers		26,722	(362)
Other liabilities and derivatives		4,084	1,905
Decrease/(increase) in:			
Due from banks		(4,107)	(7,026)
Government securities and treasury bills		2,416	(1,169)
Loans and advances to customers		(3,462)	(2,062)
Bank and corporate securities		(8,002)	(13,340)
Other assets and derivatives	-	(981)	1,217
Net cash used in operating activities before			
income tax		22,533	(11,947)
Hong Kong profits tax paid		(328)	_
Overseas tax paid	-	<u>(1)</u>	
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating			
activities	-	22,204	(11,947)

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (unaudited)

		For the six montl	For the six months ended	
		30 June	30 June	
In HK\$ millions	Note	2025	2024	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of fixed assets	-	(47)	(166)	
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(47)	(166)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Principal element of lease payments	27(a)	(103)	(131)	
Interest element of lease payments	27(a)	(10)	(11)	
Dividends paid	12	(5,840)	(40)	
Interest paid for subordinated liability	-	(74)	(86)	
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(6,027)	(268)	
Exchange differences	-	26	(1)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		16,156	(12,382)	
Cash and cash equivalents as at		92 246	07.067	
1 January	-	82,216	87,867	
Cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June	27(b)	98,372	75,485	

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 1 Scope of consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group").

For regulatory reporting purposes, the Bank computes key regulatory ratios on a combined basis including the Bank and its overseas branch that is different from the basis of consolidation for accounting purposes. The basis is set out in the unaudited Regulatory Disclosure Statements. The disclosures of regulatory capital, liquidity and other disclosures are available in the section of Regulatory Disclosures on our website https://www.dbs.com/hongkong/en/financials/financial-results.page.

## 2 Basis of preparation

## 2.1 Accounting policies

The accounting policies applied in preparing this condensed consolidated financial statements are in compliance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and are the same as those applied in preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 as disclosed in the Annual Report for 2024.

The adoption of new or amendments to HKFRS and interpretations effective from 1 January 2025 do not have material impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 2.2 Accounting estimates

#### Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of interim financial statements requires management to exercise judgements, use estimates and make assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts in the financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from these estimates. In preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements, critical accounting estimates and assumptions used that are significant to the interim financial statements, and areas involving a higher degree of judgement and complexity are the same as those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 2 Basis of preparation (continued)

#### 2.3 Condensed consolidated financial statements and statutory financial statements

The financial information relating to the year ended 31 December 2024 that is included in this Group Interim Financial Disclosures Statements as comparative information does not constitute the Group's statutory annual consolidated financial statements for that year but is derived from those financial statements. Further information relating to these statutory financial statements required to be disclosed in accordance with section 436 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

The Bank has delivered the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The Group's auditor has reported on those financial statements. The auditor's report was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report and did not contain a statement under sections 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## 2.4 Compliance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules

The condensed consolidated financial statements together with Regulatory Disclosure Statements fulfill the disclosure requirements in accordance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 3 Interest income

	For the six months ended		
In HK\$ millions	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	
Cash and balances with central banks and due			
from banks	1,822	2,583	
Customer non-trade loans	5,578	6,278	
Trade assets	271	285	
Securities and others	2,100	1,815	
Total interest income	9,771	10,961	
Comprising:			
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL")	112	172	
Interest income from financial assets at FVOCI Interest income from financial assets at	1,378	1,240	
amortised cost	8,281	9,549	
	9,771	10,961	

## 4 Interest expense

For the six months end		onths ended
In HK\$ millions	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Deposits and balances from customers	4,399	5,154
Interest expense on subordinated liability	73	86
Other interest expense	112	245
Total interest expense	4,584	5,485
Comprising: Interest expense from financial liabilities at FVPL Interest expense from financial liabilities not at	170	329
FVPL <sup>(a)</sup>	4,414	5,156
	4,584	5,485

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes interest expense on lease liabilities of HK\$11 million (for the six months ended 30 June 2024: HK\$11 million).

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 5 Net fee and commission income

	For the six months ended		
In HK\$ millions	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	
Fee and commission income	3,013	2,451	
Less: Fee and commission expense	(326)	(356)	
Net fee and commission income	<u>2,687</u>	2,095	
Comprising:			
<ul> <li>Wealth management</li> </ul>	1,883	1,297	
<ul> <li>Transaction services<sup>(a)</sup></li> </ul>	487	469	
<ul><li>Loan-related</li></ul>	168	167	
– Cards	149	162	
	2,687	2,095	
(a) Includes trade & remittances, guarantees and deposit-related fees.			
Of which:			
Fee and commission income arising from:  – Financial assets or financial liabilities not at			
FVPL	632	693	
<ul> <li>Trust or other fiduciary activities</li> </ul>	42	42	
Fee and commission expense arising from:  – Financial assets or financial liabilities not at			
FVPL	232	279	

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 6 Net trading income

7

In HK\$ millions	For the six months ended 30 June 2025 30 June 2024	
Net trading income		
Foreign exchange	849	520
<ul> <li>Interest rates, equities and others</li> </ul>	32	17
	881	537
Net (loss)/gain from financial instruments		
designated at fair value	(52)	52
	829	589
Net (loss)/income from investment securities		
	For the six mo	onths ended
In HK\$ millions	For the six mo	onths ended 30 June 2024
In HK\$ millions  Debt securities at:		
Debt securities at:  - FVOCI  - Amortised cost	30 June 2025 - (11)	30 June 2024 9 2
Debt securities at: - FVOCI	30 June 2025 -	30 June 2024 9
Debt securities at:  - FVOCI  - Amortised cost	30 June 2025 - (11)	30 June 2024 9 2
Debt securities at:  - FVOCI  - Amortised cost Equity securities at FVOCI  Total	30 June 2025 - (11) 6	30 June 2024 9 2 6
Debt securities at:  - FVOCI  - Amortised cost Equity securities at FVOCI	30 June 2025 - (11) 6	30 June 2024 9 2 6
Debt securities at:  - FVOCI  - Amortised cost Equity securities at FVOCI  Total  Of which:	30 June 2025 - (11) 6	30 June 2024 9 2 6

Premises and equipment expenses excluding

- Expenses relating to short-term leases and

- Owned properties and other fixed assets

- Leased properties and other fixed assets

depreciation

Others

Total

low-value assets

Depreciation expenses

Auditor's remuneration

Computerisation expenses

Other operating expenses

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 8 Other income

9

	For the six months ended		
In HK\$ millions	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	
Rental income	30	11	
Others	24	20	
Total	54	31	
Total expenses			
	For the six mo	onths ended	
In HK\$ millions	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	
Employee benefits			
<ul> <li>Salaries and other short-term employee</li> </ul>			
benefits	2,206	2,036	
– Pensions	120	116	
<ul> <li>Share-based compensation</li> </ul>	54	50	

2

100

137

111

159

368

3,263

6

3

107

121

130

177

407

3,152

5

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 10 Allowances for credit and other losses

For the six months ended			
30 June 2025	30 June 2024		
313	225		
2	_		
295	386		
(6)	17		
604	628		
	30 June 2025 313 2 295 (6)		

#### 11 Income tax expense

	For the six mo	nths ended
In HK\$ millions	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Hong Kong profits tax	816	759
Overseas tax	8	1
Current income tax	824	760
Deferred income tax	(48)	(57)
	776	703

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at 16.5% (first half of 2024: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the period. Taxation for an overseas branch is charged at the appropriate current rate of taxation ruling in the jurisdiction in which it operates.

## 12 Dividends

A 2024 final ordinary dividend of HK\$1,800 million, a 2025 special dividend of HK\$4,000 million and distributions on Perpetual Capital Securities ("PCS") of HK\$40 million were paid during 2025.

2024 interim ordinary dividends of HK\$5,500 million and distributions on PCS of HK\$40 million were paid during 2024.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 13 Cash and balances with central banks

		As at 30 June	As at 31 December
	In HK\$ millions	2025	2024
	Cash in hand Balances with central banks	511 5,774	799 1,979
		6,285	2,778
14	Government securities and treasury bills		
		As at	As at 31
	In HK\$ millions	30 June 2025	December 2024
	Mandatorily at FVPL	3,733	3,743
	FVOCI	69,655	63,190
	Amortised cost	20,028	11,537
		93,416	78,470
	Allowances for credit and other losses	(1)	(1)
		93,415	78,469

As at 30 June 2025, there were no impaired, overdue or rescheduled FVOCI and amortised cost financial assets (31 December 2024: Nil).

As at 30 June 2025, the fair value of the above debt securities classified as amortised cost was HK\$19,879 million (31 December 2024: HK\$11,328 million).

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 15 Due from banks

In HK\$ millions	As at 30 June 2025	As at 31 December 2024
Balances with banks	10,013	7,460
Placements with and advances to banks	75,683	78,635
Gross amount due from banks Allowances for credit and other losses	85,696 (1)	86,095 (1)
Net amount due from banks	85,695	86,094

As at 30 June 2025, there were no impaired, overdue or rescheduled placements with and advances to banks (31 December 2024: Nil).

## 16 Bank and corporate securities

In HK\$ millions	As at 30 June 2025	As at 31 December 2024
Mandatorily at FVPL	14,229	7,000
FVOCI	13,545	16,454
Amortised cost	19,201	15,444
	46,975	38,898
Allowances for credit and other losses	(4)	(3)
	46,971	38,895

As at 30 June 2025, there were no impaired, overdue or rescheduled FVOCI and amortised cost financial assets (31 December 2024: Nil).

As at 30 June 2025, the fair value of the above debt securities classified as amortised cost was HK\$19,210 million (31 December 2024: HK\$15,293 million).

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 17 Loans and advances to customers

In HK\$ millions			As at 30 June 2025	As at 31 December 2024
Gross loans and advances to	customers		277,262	273,748
Allowances for credit and othe  – Specific allowances  – General allowances	er losses		(1,482) (2,654)	(1,406) (2,359)
			273,126	269,983
Comprising:  - Trade bills  - Loans			2,012 271,114 273,126	5,543 264,440 269,983
Impaired advances				
	As at 30 J	% of gross loans and advances to		% of gross loans and advances to
	HK\$ millions	customers	HK\$ million	s customers
Gross impaired advances Specific allowances	3,822 (1,482)	1.38	3,71 (1,40	
	2,340		2,31	2
Impaired advances covered by collateral	1,984		1,97	8 =

The specific allowances were made after taking into account the value of collateral in respect of the above advances.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 17 Loans and advances to customers (continued)

The table below shows the movements in specific and general allowances during the period.

		Charge			Exchange	
	Balance at	to income			and other	Balance at
In HK\$ millions	1 January	statement	Recoveries	Write-off	movements	30 June
2025						
Specific allowances						
Loans and advances to customers	1,406	313	30	(319)	52	1,482
Others <sup>(a)</sup>	8	2				10
Total specific allowances	1,414	315	30	(319)	52	1,492
General allowances						
Loans and advances to customers	2,359	295	-	-	-	2,654
Others <sup>(a)</sup>	173	(6)				167
Total general allowances	2,532	289				2,821
Total allowances for credit and other						
losses	3,946	604	30	(319)	52	4,313

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 17 Loans and advances to customers (continued)

In HK\$ millions	Balance at 1 January	Charge to income statement	Recoveries	Write-off	Exchange and other movements	Balance at 31 December
2024						
2024						
Specific allowances  Loans and advances to customers	1 240	E01	62	/E11\	24	1 406
	1,240	584	02	(514)	34	1,406
Others <sup>(a)</sup>	7	1				8
Total specific allowances	1,247	585	62	(514)	34	1,414
General allowances						
Loans and advances to customers	2,049	310	_	_	_	2,359
Others <sup>(a)</sup>	138	35	_	_	-	173
Total general allowances	2,187	345				2,532
Total allowances for credit and other						
losses	3,434	930	62	(514)	34	3,946

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes allowances for off-balance sheet exposures, other assets, government securities and treasury bills, bank and corporate securities and due from banks.

#### 18 Other assets

The balance as at 30 June 2025 included allowances for credit and other losses of HK\$12 million (31 December 2024: HK\$12 million).

## 19 Properties and other fixed assets

	As at 30 June	As at 31 December
In HK\$ millions	2025	2024
Owned properties and other fixed assets (Note 19(a))	3,478	3,568
Leased properties and other fixed assets (Note 19(b))	1,302	1,365
	4,780	4,933

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 19 Properties and other fixed assets (continued)

## (a) Owned properties and other fixed assets

In HK\$ millions	Freehold land and building	Land and buildings	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Subtotal	Investment properties	Total
Cost						
As at 1 January 2025	23	2,332	3,074	5,429	1,445	6,874
Additions	-	-	47	47	-	47
Disposals/written off		(1)	(10)	(11)		(11)
As at 30 June 2025	23	2,331	3,111	5,465	1,445	6,910
Accumulated depreciation and						
impairment						
As at 1 January 2025	17	984	2,284	3,285	21	3,306
Charge for the period	-	6	125	131	6	137
Disposals/written off		<u>(1)</u>	(10)	(11)		(11)
As at 30 June 2025	17	989	2,399	3,405	27	3,432
Net book value						
As at 30 June 2025	6	1,342	712	2,060	1,418	3,478

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 19 Properties and other fixed assets (continued)

## (a) Owned properties and other fixed assets (continued)

	Freehold		Furniture,			
	land and	Land and	fixtures and		Investment	
In HK\$ millions	building	buildings	equipment	Subtotal	properties	Total
Cost						
As at 1 January 2024	23	2,335	2,848	5,206	33	5,239
Additions <sup>(a)</sup>	_	4	350	354	1,412	1,766
Disposals/written off		(7)	(124)	(131)		(131)
As at 31 December 2024	23	2,332	3,074	5,429	1,445	6,874
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
As at 1 January 2024	17	977	2,102	3,096	21	3,117
Charge for the year	_	14	255	269	_	269
Disposals/written off		(7)	(73)	(80)		(80)
As at 31 December 2024	17	984	2,284	3,285	21	3,306
Net book value						
As at 31 December 2024	6	1,348	790	2,144	1,424	3,568

<sup>(</sup>a) During the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Group acquired two properties totalling HK\$1,412 million.

## (b) Leased properties and other fixed assets

		Other fixed		
In HK\$ millions	Properties	assets	Total	
As at 1 January 2025 Additions of right-of-use assets during	1,262	103	1,365	
the period	3	_	3	
Changes of lease term	45	_	45	
Depreciation charge for the period	(101)	(10)	(111)	
As at 30 June 2025	1,209	93	1,302	

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 19 Properties and other fixed assets (continued)

#### (b) Leased properties and other fixed assets (continued)

	Other fixed			
In HK\$ millions	Properties	assets	Total	
As at 1 January 2024 Additions of right-of-use assets during	1,586	122	1,708	
the year Changes of lease term	7 (105)	_	7 (105)	
Depreciation charge for the year	(226)	(19)	(245)	
As at 31 December 2024	1,262	103	1,365	

The Group's leases comprise primarily office premises, branches and data centres.

#### 20 Deposits and balances from customers

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
In HK\$ millions	2025	2024
Deposits from customers at amortised cost Structured investment deposits classified as	421,801	400,179
financial liabilities designated at FVPL	10,055	4,955
	431,856	405,134
Analysed by:  – Demand deposits and current accounts	49,516	45,172
<ul> <li>Bernand deposits and current accounts</li> <li>Savings deposits</li> </ul>	164,235	147,782
0 1	•	•
<ul> <li>Time, call and notice deposits</li> </ul>	218,105	212,180
	431,856	405,134

#### 21 Subordinated liability

On 13 December 2022, the Bank issued a new subordinated loan (the "Loan") of US\$300 million to DBS Group Holdings Ltd ("DBSH"). Interest on the Loan is payable quarterly at USD3-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus 1.87% per annum. The Loan has a repayment date of 13 December 2032 and may be prepaid on 13 December 2027 or any date thereafter. The terms require the Loan to be written off if and when the HKMA notifies the Bank that a write-off, or a public sector injection of capital (or equivalent support), is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable. In addition, the lender of the Loan is subject to the exercise of the Hong Kong Resolution Authority Power by the relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority. The Loan qualifies as Tier 2 capital of the Bank under the Banking (Capital) Rules and a Loss-absorbing Capacity ("LAC") debt instrument under the Financial Institutions (Resolution) (Loss-absorbing Capacity Requirements – Banking Sector) Rules (the "LAC Rules") made by the HKMA.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 22 Derivatives financial instruments and hedging activities

The following is a summary of each significant type of derivatives:

In HK\$ millions	Contract/ notional amount	Positive fair values	Negative fair values
As at 30 June 2025			
Interest rate derivatives  – Interest rate swaps	69,594	537	891
Sub-total	69,594	537	891
Foreign exchange (FX) derivatives  - FX contracts  - Currency swaps  - Currency options  Sub-total  Equity derivative contracts Credit derivative contracts Commodity derivative contracts  Gross total derivatives  Included in the above are derivatives held for:	123,753 44,458 59,204 227,415 2,806 9,788 158	845 1,429 587 2,861 93 6 22 3,519	1,208 494 587 2,289 93 27 22 3,322
Fair value hedges  – Interest rate swaps	965	_	27
Sub-total	965		27
Cash flow hedges  - Interest rate swaps  - FX contracts  - Currency swaps  Sub-total	31,000 15,825 24,958 71,783	2 34 1,081 	382 149 148 679
Total derivatives held for hedging	72,748	1,117	706

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 22 Derivatives financial instruments and hedging activities (continued)

Contract/ notional amount	Positive fair values	Negative fair values
103,531	598	1,768
103,531	598	1,768
120,037 28,655 44,002	1,737 2,137 538	1,328 306 538
192,694	4,412	2,172
4,294 5,477 134	144 _ 12	144 29 12
306,130	5,166	4,125
765	4	6
765	4	6
30,300 8,990 9,802	200 1,851	1,213 _ 
49,092	2,051	1,234
49,857	2,055	1,240
	103,531 103,531 103,531 120,037 28,655 44,002 192,694 4,294 5,477 134 306,130 765 765 30,300 8,990 9,802 49,092	notional amount         fair values           103,531         598           103,531         598           120,037 28,655 2,137 44,002 538         2,137 44,002 538           192,694         4,412           4,294 144 5,477 - 134 12         12           306,130 5,166         5,166           765 4         4           30,300 - 8,990 200 9,802 1,851         200 1,851           49,092 2,051         2,051

The amounts are shown on a gross basis and do not take into account the effect of bilateral netting arrangements. The contract or notional amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as at the end of the reporting period. They do not represent amounts at risk.

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 23 Other equity instruments

On 13 January 2022, the Bank issued Perpetual Capital Securities ("PCS") of HK\$1,400 million to its parent holding company, DBSH. Distributions are payable annually at the rate of 2.86% per annum at the discretion of the Bank. The PCS are redeemable on 13 January 2027 or any date thereafter. The terms require the PCS to be written off if and when the HKMA notifies the Bank that a write-off, or a public sector injection of capital (or equivalent support), is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable. In addition, the holder of the PCS is subject to the exercise of the Hong Kong Resolution Authority Power by the relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority. The PCS qualify as Additional Tier 1 capital of the Bank under the Banking (Capital) Rules and a LAC debt instrument under the LAC Rules made by the HKMA.

#### 24 Contingent liabilities and commitments

The following is a summary of the contractual amounts of each significant class of contingent liabilities and commitments:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
In HK\$ millions	2025	2024
Direct credit substitutes	145	158
Transaction-related contingencies	4,073	5,005
Trade-related contingencies	5,208	5,027
Other commitments with an original maturity of		
not more than one year	6,608	11,240
Other commitments with an original maturity of		
more than one year	23,491	26,316
Other commitments which are unconditionally		
cancellable	209,845	198,681
	249,370	246,427
Credit rick weighted amount	25,135	29,641
Credit risk-weighted amount		29,041

Credit risk-weighted amount is calculated in accordance with Banking (Capital) Rules.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 25 Fair Value of financial instruments

#### (a) Valuation process

The valuation processes within the Group are governed by the Valuation Policy and Supporting Standards. These policy and standards apply to financial assets and liabilities where mark-to-market or model valuation is required. The overall framework is endorsed by Group Market and Liquidity Risk Committee and Risk Executive Committee before approval by the Board Risk Management Committee.

The Valuation Policy and Supporting Standards govern the revaluation of all financial assets and liabilities that are fair value measured, covering both market prices as well as model inputs. Financial assets and liabilities are marked directly using reliable and independent market prices or by using reliable and independent market parameters (as model inputs) in conjunction with a valuation model. Products with a liquid market or those traded via an exchange will fall under the former while most over-the-counter ("OTC") products will form the latter. Market parameters include interest rate yield curves, credit spreads, exchange prices, dividend yields, option volatilities and foreign exchange rates.

Valuation models go through an assurance process carried out by the Risk Management Group, independent of the model developers. This assurance process would review the underlying methodology including its logic and conceptual soundness together with the model inputs and outputs. Model assurances are conducted prior to implementation and subject to regular review or when there are significant changes arising from market or portfolio changes. Where necessary, the Group also imposes model reserves and other adjustments in determining fair value. Models are approved by the Group Market and Liquidity Risk Committee.

The majority of OTC derivatives are traded in active markets. Valuations are determined using generally accepted models (discounted cash flows, Black-Scholes model, interpolation techniques) based on quoted market prices for similar instruments or underlying instruments or market parameters.

A process of independent price verification ("IPV") is in place to establish the accuracy of the market parameters used when the marking is performed by the Front Office. The IPV process entails independent checks to compare traders' marks to independent sources such as broker/dealer sources or market consensus providers. The results of the IPV are reviewed by independent control functions on a monthly basis.

For illiquid financial instruments where mark-to-market is not possible, the Group will value these products using an approved valuation model. Prices and parameters used as inputs to the model or to any intermediate technique involving a transformation process must be derived using approved market reliable sources. Where possible, the inputs must be checked against multiple sources for reliability and accuracy. Reliance will be placed on the model assurance process established by Risk Management Group for assurance of valuation models as fit for purpose.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### **25** Fair Value of financial instruments (continued)

#### (a) Valuation process (continued)

The Group uses various market accepted benchmark interest rates such as SOFR and Swap Offer Rates to determine the fair value of the financial instruments.

Where unobservable inputs are used in these models resulting in Level 3 classification, valuation adjustments or reserves will be taken for the purpose of adjusting for uncertainty in valuations. Valuation adjustment or reserve methodologies are used to substantiate the unobservable inputs and attempt to quantify the level of uncertainty in valuations. Such methodologies are governed by the Valuation Policy and Supporting Standards and require approval by the Group Market and Liquidity Risk Committee.

The main valuation adjustments and reserves are described below:

#### Model and Parameter Uncertainty Adjustments

Valuation uncertainties may occur during fair value measurement either due to uncertainties in the required input parameters or uncertainties in the modelling methods used in the valuation process. In such situations, adjustments may be necessary to take these factors into account.

For example, where market data such as prices or rates for an instrument are no longer observable after an extended period of time, these inputs used to value the financial instruments may no longer be relevant in the current market conditions. In such situations, adjustments may be necessary to address the pricing uncertainty arising from the use of stale market data inputs.

#### Credit Valuation Adjustments

Credit valuation adjustments are taken to reflect the impact on fair value of counterparty credit risk. Credit valuation adjustments are based upon the creditworthiness of the counterparties, magnitude of the current or potential exposure on the underlying transactions, netting and collateral arrangements, and the maturity of the underlying transactions.

#### Day 1 Profit or Loss (P&L) Reserve

In situations where the market for an instrument is not active and its fair value is established using a valuation model based on significant unobservable market parameters, Day 1 P&L reserve is utilised to defer the P&L arising from the difference between the transaction price and the model value. A market parameter is defined as being significant when its impact on the Day 1 P&L is greater than an internally determined threshold. The Day 1 P&L reserve is released to profit or loss as the parameters become observable or the transaction closed out or amortised over the duration of the transaction. As at 30 June 2025, there was no Day 1 P&L reserve (31 December 2024: Nil).

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 25 Fair Value of financial instruments (continued)

## (a) Valuation process (continued)

#### **Bid Offer Adjustments**

The Group often holds, at varying points in time, both long or short positions in financial instruments which are valued using mid market levels. Bid offer adjustments are then made to account for close-out costs.

#### (b) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value hierarchy accords the highest level to observable inputs such as unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest level to unobservable inputs. The fair value measurement of each financial instrument is categorised in accordance to the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the input with the lowest level that is significant to the entire measurement. If unobservable inputs are deemed as significant, the financial instrument will be categorised as Level 3.

Financial instruments that are valued using quoted prices in active markets are classified as Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy. These would include government and sovereign securities, listed equities and corporate debt securities which are actively traded. Derivatives contracts which are traded in an active exchange market are also classified as Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Where fair value is determined using quoted market prices in less active markets or quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities, such instruments are generally classified as Level 2. In cases where quoted prices are generally not available, the Group will determine the fair value based on valuation techniques that use market parameters as inputs including but not limited to yield curves, volatilities and foreign exchange rates. The majority of valuation techniques employ only observable market data and so reliability of the fair value measurement is high. These would include corporate debt securities, repurchase, reverse repurchase agreements and most of the Group's over-the-counter derivatives.

The Group classifies financial instruments as Level 3 when there is reliance on unobservable market parameters whether used directly to value a financial asset or liability, or used as inputs to a valuation model, attributing to a significant contribution to the instrument value. These would include all input parameters which are derived from historical data, for example, asset correlations or certain volatilities. Level 3 instruments also include unquoted equity securities which are measured based on the net asset value of the investments. In addition, Level 3 inputs include all stale quoted security prices and other approximations (e.g. bonds valued using credit default swap spreads).

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 25 Fair Value of financial instruments (continued)

## (b) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table presents assets and liabilities measured at fair value, classified by level of the fair value hierarchies:

In HK\$ millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at 30 June 2025				
Assets				
Financial assets at FVPL				
<ul> <li>Government securities and</li> </ul>				
treasury bills	2,965	768	_	3,733
<ul><li>– Due from banks</li></ul>	_	_	_	_
<ul> <li>Bank and corporate securities</li> </ul>	629	13,600	_	14,229
<ul> <li>Loans and advances to customers</li> </ul>	_	-	_	-
FVOCI financial assets				
<ul> <li>Government securities and</li> </ul>				
treasury bills	69,655	_	_	69,655
<ul> <li>Bank and corporate securities</li> </ul>	7,514	4,691	1,340	13,545
Derivative assets	_	3,519	_	3,519
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at FVPL				
<ul> <li>Payable in respect of short sale</li> </ul>				
of securities	2,310	_	_	2,310
<ul> <li>Deposits and balances from</li> </ul>				
customers	_	10,055	_	10,055
<ul><li>– Due to banks</li></ul>	_	6,208	_	6,208
Derivative liabilities		3,322		3,322

#### NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 25 Fair Value of financial instruments (continued)

#### **(b)** Fair value hierarchy (continued)

In HK\$ millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at 31 December 2024 Assets				
Financial assets at FVPL				
<ul> <li>Government securities and</li> </ul>				
treasury bills	3,743	_	_	3,743
<ul><li>– Due from banks</li></ul>	_	850	_	850
<ul> <li>Bank and corporate securities</li> </ul>	851	6,149	_	7,000
<ul> <li>Loans and advances to customers</li> </ul>	_	274	_	274
FVOCI financial assets				
<ul> <li>Government securities and</li> </ul>				
treasury bills	63,190	_	_	63,190
<ul> <li>Bank and corporate securities</li> </ul>	8,164	6,973	1,317	16,454
Derivative assets	_	5,166	_	5,166
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at FVPL				
<ul> <li>Payable in respect of short sale</li> </ul>				
of securities	1,886	_	_	1,886
<ul> <li>Deposits and balances from</li> </ul>	•			,
customers	_	4,955	_	4,955
<ul><li>– Due to banks</li></ul>	_	5,199	_	5,199
Derivative liabilities		4,125		4,125

During the period, there was no transfer between fair value hierarchies (31 December 2024: HK\$776 million).

## (c) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value

For financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value in the condensed consolidated financial statements, the Group has ascertained that their fair values were not materially different from their carrying amounts at period-end as shown below. The bases of arriving at their fair values are as follows:

#### (i) Due from banks

The estimated fair value of placements with and advances to banks is based on the discounted cash flows using the prevailing money market interest rates for placements and advances with similar remaining maturity.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### **25** Fair Value of financial instruments (continued)

#### (c) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value (continued)

#### (ii) Loans and advances to customers

The fair value approximates their carrying amount as majority of the loans and advances to customers are on floating rate terms.

#### (iii) Bank and corporate securities – amortised cost

The fair values are determined based on independent market quotes, where available. Where market prices are not available, fair values are estimated using discounted cash flow method. The fair value is set out in Note 16.

#### (iv) Due to banks and Deposits and balances from customers

The estimated fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, which includes non-interest – bearing deposits, is the amount repayable on demand. The estimated fair value of deposits and other borrowings with fixed interest rates is based on discounted cash flows using prevailing interest rates with similar remaining maturity.

#### (v) Subordinated liability

The fair value of subordinated liability approximates its carrying amount as it is on floating rate term and bears interest at prevailing market interest rate.

## 26 Material related party transactions

During the period ended 30 June 2025, the Group acquired a portfolio of loans and advances to customers of HK\$5.4 billion (financial year ended 31 December 2024: HK\$12.9 billion) and undrawn commitment of HK\$1.4 billion (financial year ended 31 December 2024: HK\$2.0 billion) from DBS Bank Ltd., HK Branch through direct purchase or funded risk participation. These transactions were conducted on an arm's length basis.

Apart from the foregoing, there were no changes in the related party transaction described in 2024 Annual Report that have had a material impact on the financial position or performance of the Group in the six months ended 30 June 2025.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## 27 Notes to the condensed consolidated cash flow statement

## a. Analysis of changes in financing activities during the period

b.

In HK\$ millions	Lease liabili 2025	ties 2024
Balance as at 1 January	1,442	1,790
Cash outflow from financing activities	(113)	(142)
Interest element of lease liabilities	` 11 <sup>′</sup>	` 11 <sup>°</sup>
Net changes due to addition and changes of		
lease terms	48	(15)
Balance as at 30 June	1,388	1,644
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivale	ents	
	As at	As at
	30 June	30 June
In HK\$ millions	2025	2024
Cash and balances with central banks Due from banks	6,285	3,146
<ul><li>Balances with banks</li><li>Placements with and advances to banks</li></ul>	10,013	6,626
repayable with original maturity within		
three months	55,696	48,638
Bills and notes repayable with original maturity		
within three months	26,378	17,075
	98,372	75,485