

(Incorporated in Singapore with limited liability)

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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## **INCOME STATEMENT (unaudited)**

		For the year ended	
		31 December 2020	31 December 2019
	Note	HK\$ million	HK\$ million
Interest income		6,366	9,607
Interest expense		(4,844)	(6,886)
Net interest income		1,522	2,721
Fee and commission income		576	630
Other income	1	425	820
Total income		2,523	4,171
Total expenses	2	(716)	(760)
Profit before allowances for credit and			
other losses		1,807	3,411
Allowances for credit and other losses		(481)	38
Profit before income tax		1,326	3,449
Income tax expense		(193)	(535)
Profit after income tax		1,133	2,914

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (unaudited)

	Note	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Assets			
Cash and balance with central bank	3	518	812
Government securities and treasury bills	4	9,061	10,256
Due from banks	5	64,065	41,810
Derivatives	12	31,742	22,732
Bank and corporate securities	6	38,936	41,019
Loans and advances to customers	7	210,241	251,680
Other assets	8	5,850	2,419
Total assets		360,413	370,728
Liabilities			
Due to banks	9	244,327	277,528
Deposits and balances from customers	10	57,145	43,334
Derivatives	12	32,610	23,243
Other liabilities		24,319	25,543
Issued debt securities	11	2,012	1,080
Total liabilities		360,413	370,728

## SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 1. Other income

	For the year ended		
	31 December 2020 HK\$ million		
Net trading income / (loss) – Foreign exchange – Interest rates, debt securities, equities	(722)	(703)	
and others	1,059	1,457	
	337	754	
Net loss from financial instruments designated at fair value – Financial liabilities designated at fair			
value	(74)	(87)	
Net income from investment securities	163	153	
Others	(1)		
	425	820	

### 2. Total expenses

	For the year ended		
	31 December 2020	31 December 2019	
	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	
Employee henefite	295	281	
Employee benefits			
Rental of premises	18	19	
Brokerage	46	54	
Other expenses	357	406	
	716	760	

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 3. Cash and balance with central bank

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Cash in hand Balance with central bank	1 517	1 811
	518	812

### 4. Government securities and treasury bills

	Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss <i>HK\$ million</i>		Amortised cost HK\$ million	Total HK\$ million
As at 31 December 2020				
Treasury bills Other debt securities		4,180 453	4,428	4,180 4,881
		4,633	4,428	9,061
As at 30 June 2020				
Treasury bills Other debt securities		4,933 952	4,263	4,933 5,323
	108	5,885	4,263	10,256

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 5. Due from banks

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
(a) Balances with banks	2,872	2,288
(b) Placements with banks Remaining maturity		
– Within one month	6,111	5,479
<ul> <li>One year or less but over one month</li> </ul>	9,148	2,441
	15,259	7,920
(c) Amount due from overseas offices	45,934	31,602
(d) Loans and advances to banks		
Gross amount due from banks	64,065	41,810
Allowances for credit and other losses		
Net amount due from banks	64,065	41,810

As at 31 December 2020, there were no impaired, overdue or rescheduled placements with and advances to banks (30 June 2020: Nil).

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 6. Bank and corporate securities

	Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss <i>HK\$ million</i>		Amortised cost HK\$ million	Total HK\$ million
As at 31 December 2020				
Certificates of deposit held Debt securities Equity securities	2,888 846 <u>6</u> 3,740	3,457 19,227  22,684	12,517  	6,345 32,590 <u>6</u> 38,941
Allowances for credit and other losses		22,684	(5)	
As at 30 June 2020				
Certificates of deposit held Debt securities	3,673 82	4,631 18,742	13,895	8,304 32,719
Allowances for credit and other losses	3,755		(4)	41,023 (4)
	3,755	23,373	13,891	41,019

In 2020, DBS Bank Ltd., HK Branch ("the Branch") reclassified HK\$13,494 million of "Bank and corporate securities" from amortised cost to fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"). The reclassification occurred during 2020 as the Branch changed its business model in response to the liquidity conditions brought about by COVID-19.

## SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 7. Loans and advances to customers

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Gross loans and advances to customers Allowances for credit and other losses	211,279	252,348
<ul> <li>Specific allowances</li> </ul>	(423)	-
– General allowances	(615)	(668)
	210,241	251,680
Comprising:		
– Trade bills	4,310	8,304
– Loans	205,931	243,376
	210,241	251,680

Specific allowances for credit losses is established if there is evidence that the Branch will be unable to collect all amounts due under a claim according to the original contractual terms or the equivalent value.

Specific allowances for credit losses is recorded as a reduction in the carrying value of a claim on the balance sheet.

#### 8. Other assets

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Acceptances	1,883	1,120
Accrued interest receivables	341	485
Deferred tax assets	81	96
Fixed assets	14	15
Others	3,531	703
	5,850	2,419

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 9. Due to banks

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Deposits and balances from banks Amounts due to overseas offices	151,037 93,290	191,044 86,484
	244,327	277,528

### 10. Deposits and balances from customers

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Demand deposits and current accounts Savings deposits Time, call and notice deposits	27,151 18,179 11,815	12,304 16,867 14,163
	57,145	43,334

#### 11. Issued debt securities

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss Liabilities measured at amortised cost	1,238 774	1,080
	2,012	1,080

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 12. Derivatives

The contractual/notional amounts of derivatives are disclosed as follows:

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Foreign exchange derivatives Interest rate derivatives Equity derivatives	1,445,024 1,046,473 1,285	1,845,224 1,221,092 1,577
	2,492,782	3,067,893

The amounts are shown on a gross basis and do not take into account the effect of bilateral netting arrangements.

The contract/notional amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as at the balance sheet date. They do not represent amounts at risk.

The following table summarises the positive and negative fair values of each class of derivatives:

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Positive fair values		
Foreign exchange derivatives	19,961	8,779
Interest rate derivatives	11,779	13,948
Equity derivatives	2	5
	31,742	22,732
Negative fair values		
Foreign exchange derivatives	22,234	11,382
Interest rate derivatives	10,325	11,743
Equity derivatives	51	118
	32,610	23,243

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 13. Contingent liabilities and commitments

The following is a summary of the contractual amount of each significant class of contingent liabilities and commitments:

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Direct credit substitutes	845	1,179
Transaction-related contingencies	8,544	4,590
Trade-related contingencies	5,983	6,816
Forward forward deposits placed	18	3,578
Other commitments with an original maturity of not more than one year or which are		
unconditionally cancellable	107,732	145,603
Other commitments with an original maturity		
of more than one year	37,710	38,263
	160,832	200,029

The above table shows the contractual amounts of the Branch's off balance sheet exposures that commit it to extend credit to customers. The above amounts represent a worse case scenario of credit risk exposure arising from these instruments, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements attached. The amounts do not represent amounts at risk at the balance sheet date.

#### 14. Liquidity

#### 14.1 Liquidity Ratios

The Branch complies with the minimum requirement of Liquidity Maintenance Ratio ("LMR") and Core Funding Ratio ("CFR") in accordance with the Banking (Liquidity) Rules issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

	For the quarter ended		
	31 December 2020	31 December 2019	
Average LMR	44.0%	43.4%	
	For the quar	ter ended	
	31 December 2020	31 December 2019	
Average CFR	163.8%	136.3%	

The average LMR and CFR are calculated as the simple average of each month's average corresponding ratio.

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 14. Liquidity (Continued)

### 14.2 Liquidity Risk Management

#### 14.2.1 Governance

The Branch's approach to liquidity risk management is based on the building blocks of governance by risk committees' oversight, policies that define overarching principles and specific risk methodologies, and standards that establish the detailed requirements.

The Group Liquidity Risk Management Policy sets out the Branch's overall approach towards liquidity risk management and describes the range of strategies employed by the Branch to manage its liquidity. These include maintaining an adequate counterbalancing capacity, which corresponds to liquid assets, the capacity to borrow from the money markets as well as forms of managerial interventions that improve liquidity, to address potential cash flow shortfalls and maintaining diversified sources of liquidity. The Policy also sets out the structure and responsibilities of committees and functional units for liquidity risk management.

The Policy is supported by standards and corresponding Hong Kong addendums which establish the detailed requirements for liquidity risk identification, measurement, reporting and control. All the policies, standards and addendums would be subjected to annual review and approval from various risk committees.

The Hong Kong Market and Liquidity Risk Committee ("MLRC") serves as an executive forum to provide oversight on the effectiveness of liquidity risk management framework including policies, models, systems, processes, information and methodologies. The MLRC comprises representatives from risk management and other relevant business and support units. It sets standards and provides necessary guidance on the establishment and maintenance of bankwide Liquidity Contingency Plan ("LCP").

The day-to-day liquidity risk monitoring, control, reporting and analysis are managed by the Risk Management Group, Market and Liquidity Risk unit – an independent risk management function that reports to the Senior Risk Executive.

### 14.2.2 Liquidity Stress Testing

The primary measure used to manage liquidity within the tolerance is the cash flow maturity mismatch analysis. The analysis is performed on a regular basis under normal and adverse scenarios. It assesses the adequacy of the counterbalancing capacity to fund or mitigate any cash flow shortfalls that may occur as forecasted in the cash flow movements across successive time bands. To ensure that liquidity is managed in line with the risk tolerance, core parameters underpinning the performance of the analysis, such as the types of scenarios, survival period and minimum level of liquid assets, are pre-specified for monitoring and control.

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 14. Liquidity (Continued)

### 14.2 Liquidity Risk Management (Continued)

### 14.2.2 Liquidity Stress Testing (Continued)

Stress testing is performed under the cash flow maturity mismatch analysis, and covers adverse scenarios involving shocks that are general market and/or bank-specific in nature. Stress tests assess the Branch's vulnerability when liability run-offs increase, asset drawdown and rollovers increase and / or liquid asset buffer reduces. In addition, ad-hoc stress tests are performed in the formulation of the internal capital adequacy assessment process.

### 14.2.3 Funding Strategy

The Branch's liquidity and funding positions is centrally managed at Hong Kong location level with the support from Head Office. DBS strives to develop a diversified funding base with access to funding sources across retail and wholesale channels. In particular, it has continuously made inroads in growing, deepening and diversifying its deposit base, spanning retail, wealth management, corporate and institutional customers. Supplementing the deposit base, it continues to maintain access to wholesale channels to increase flexibility and manage funding cost in capitalising on business opportunities.

The Assets and Liabilities Committee ("ALCO") regularly reviews the composition and growth trajectories of the balance sheet and refine our funding strategy according to business momentum, competitive factors and prevailing market conditions.

### 14.2.4 Contingency Funding Plan

In the event of a potential or actual crisis, DBS Bank Ltd., has in place a set of LCP and respective Hong Kong Addendum, which applies to Hong Kong location level (including the Branch), to facilitate and prepare the management to respond in a coordinated, coherent and organized way to tide the Branch over a crisis situation. The LCP establishes clear lines of responsibilities and preventive measures against and respond to a crisis situation. It also outlines the key management actions and options to be taken in managing a liquidity crisis. Stockpiling High Quality Liquid Assets, maintaining diversification of wholesale funding facilities, such as Money Market lines, Overdraft facilities, Repo facilities and access to Central Bank liquidity facilities could be served as contingent facilities while their availability depends on the types and/or severity of the crisis.

### 14.2.5 Liquidity Risk Mitigation

Strategies and plans are discussed at relevant committees such as ALCO and MLRC to proactively manage liquidity risk of the Branch. To mitigate the risk, the Branch strives to maintain a diversified funding base and put in place a set of LCP to ensure adequate liquidity as mentioned in above paragraphs.

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 14. Liquidity (Continued)

### 14.2 Liquidity Risk Management (Continued)

#### 14.2.6 Cash Flow Maturity Mismatch Analysis\*

In HK\$ millions <sup>(i)</sup>	Less than	1 week to	1 to 3	3 to 12
	7 days	1 month	months	months
<b>2020</b> Net liquidity mismatch Cumulative mismatch	15,122 15,122	21 15,143	(29,677) (14,534)	(45,945) (60,479)
<b>2019</b> <sup>(ii)</sup>				
Net liquidity mismatch	10,902	(4,545)	(32,354)	(13,906)
Cumulative mismatch	10,902	6,358	(25,997)	(39,903)

(i) Positive indicates a position of liquidity surplus. Negative indicates a liquidity shortfall that has to be funded. The Branch's liquidity is monitored on a cumulative mismatch basis. The negative mismatch can be covered by sufficient counter-balancing capacity.

(ii) As the behavioural assumptions used to determine the maturity mismatch between assets and liabilities are updated from time to time, the information presented above may not be directly comparable across past balance sheet dates.

\* The cash flow maturity mismatch analysis has already taken into account limitations on the transferability of liquidity.

### 14.2.7 Sources of Funding

The Branch's source of funding is mainly from wholesale funding comprising intragroup borrowings and supplemented by Euro commercial paper and medium-term notes issuance if necessary.

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 14. Liquidity (Continued)

### 14.2 Liquidity Risk Management (Continued)

### 14.2.8 Liquidity Gap

The table below analyses the on- and off-balance sheet items, broken down into maturity buckets of the Branch as at 31 December 2020 based on the completion instructions of the HKMA MA(BS)23 – Liquidity Monitoring Tools:

	Total		2 to 7	8 days to	> 1 month up to	> 3 months up to	> 6 months up to	> 1 year up to	> 2 years up to	> 3 years up to	Over	Balancing
In HK\$ millions	amount	Next day	days	1 month	3 months	6 months	1 year	2 years	3 years	5 years	5 years	amount
Cash and balances with												
central bank	518	518	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from banks	64,066	2,932	48,252	65	11,716	943	158	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	48,353	30,615	-	1,036	983	3,036	4,883	2,137	1,803	2,282	1,578	-
Loans and advances to												
customers	211,449	403	10,178	45,500	23,345	19,268	23,273	33,918	25,861	27,778	1,498	427
Other assets	443,238	956	4,107	14,137	20,591	34,976	49,346	90,517	71,729	76,205	80,387	287
Total on-balance sheet assets	767,624	35,424	62,537	60,738	56,635	58,223	77,660	126,572	99,393	106,265	83,463	714
Total off-balance sheet												
claims	1,847	_	1,829	_	_	15	3	_	_	_	_	_
	,											
	Total		2 to 7	8 days to	> 1 month up to	> 3 months up to	> 6 months up to	> 1 year up to	> 2 years up to	> 3 years up to	Over	Balancing
In HK\$ millions	amount	Next day	days	1 month	3 months	6 months	1 year	2 years	3 years	5 years	5 years	amount
Deposits and balances from												
customers	57,146	45,330	1,505	5,471	4,321	454	65	-	-	-	-	-
Due to banks	245,085	1,328	32,535	10,744	33,636	15,928	41,295	100,819	3,900	4,900	-	-
Debt securities issued	2,065	-	4	842	327	728	164	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	441,333	42	1,860	14,447	21,092	34,473	50,229	90,680	71,382	76,225	80,344	559
Total on-balance sheet liabilities	745,629	46,700	35,904	31,504	59,376	51,583	91,753	191,499	75,282	81,125	80,344	559
Total off-balance sheet obligations	59,851	41,613	9,838	8,400								_

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 15. Foreign exchange exposures

The table summarises the Branch's non-structural foreign currency positions which are prepared in accordance with the HKMA return of "Foreign Currency Position". The net options position is calculated on the basis of the delta-weighted position of foreign exchange option contracts.

	USD	CNY	EUR	JPY	AUD	GBP	TWD	Others	Total
In HK\$ million									
As at 31 December 2020									
Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales Net options position	175,613 (197,514) 744,848 (720,213)	23,080 (20,403) 351,015 (353,620) 	5,588 (822) 6,014 (10,814) –	4,577 (560) 4,061 (8,249) –	5,223 (1,936) 4,790 (7,972) –	4,183 (1,474) 2,339 (5,043) –	3,429 (804) 41,834 (44,355) –	4,690 (4,601) 5,689 (5,784) 	226,383 (228,114) 1,160,590 (1,156,050) 
Net long/(short) non-structural position	2,734	72	(34)	(171)	105	5	104	(6)	2,809
As at 30 June 2020									
Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales Net options position	174,407 (216,952) 992,729 (944,379) 201	16,640 (11,739) 437,106 (441,932) (201)	5,625 (375) 6,940 (12,072) –	4,750 (767) 3,657 (7,641)	4,282 (1,704) 4,029 (6,703)	7,249 (729) 946 (7,455)	3,152 (862) 67,938 (70,732) –	1,140 (942) 4,293 (4,493) 	217,245 (234,070) 1,517,638 (1,495,407) 
Net long/(short) non-structural position	6,006	(126)	118	(1)	(96)	11	(504)	(2)	5,406

There was no structural position in any currency as at 31 December 2020 and 30 June 2020.

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 16. Loans and advances to customers by loan usage

The Branch employs a range of policies and practices to mitigate credit risk, one of which is the taking of collateral. The collateral includes cash, marketable securities, properties, trade receivables, inventory, equipment and other physical and financial collateral. Balances of advances analysed by loan usage and the corresponding balances covered by collateral are as follows:

	As at 31 Dec	As at 31 December 2020 As at 30 Balance		
	Outstanding balance	covered by collateral	Outstanding balance	Balance covered by collateral
In HK\$ million				
Loans for use in Hong Kong				
Industrial, commercial and financial				
<ul> <li>Property development</li> </ul>	35,770	9,598	40,432	10,060
<ul> <li>Property investment</li> </ul>	36,576	19,420	37,483	19,730
– Financial concerns	3,985	· –	2,063	-
<ul> <li>Stockbrokers</li> </ul>	-	_	581	_
<ul> <li>Wholesale and retail trade</li> </ul>	13,785	-	14,796	_
<ul> <li>Manufacturing</li> <li>Transport and transport</li> </ul>	6,340	450	4,006	62
equipment	5,856	-	8,604	_
<ul> <li>Recreational activities</li> </ul>	712	-	657	_
<ul> <li>Information technology</li> </ul>	8,895	_	12,209	_
– Others	12,391	548	14,647	1,256
Individuals – Loans for the purchase of other residential				
properties	232	232	190	190
– Others	-	-	_	_
Trade finance (including trade bills)	9,447	-	21,123	_
Loans for use outside Hong Kong	77,290	3,590	95,557	3,836
	211,279	33,838	252,348	35,134

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 17. Loans and advances to customers by geographical area

	As at 31 December 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>HK\$ million</i>
Hong Kong Mainland China Others	186,676 15,758 8,845	224,353 21,779 6,216
	211,279	252,348

The above analysis by geographical area is based on the location of the counterparty after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, transfer of risk applies when an advance is guaranteed by a party in a location which is different from that of the counterparty.

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### 18. International claims

Analysis of international claims by location and by type of counterparty is as follows:

		Non-b	nank	
Banks	Official sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non- financial private sector	Total
12,818 61,418	8,675 _	_ 5,959	4,530 84,139	26,023 151,516
46,621 14,797 —		_ 5,959 _	1,063 83,076 _	47,684 103,832 –
15,181	154	1,288	18,797	35,420
14,892 289	154 _	1,288	15,718 3,079	32,052 3,368
	5,581			5,581
89,417	14,410	7,247	107,466	218,540
12,300 39,250	9,876 —	_ 4,365	5,644 99,595	27,820 143,210
34,159 5,091 –		_ 3,287 1,078	1,329 98,266 —	35,488 106,644 1,078
19,876	262	816	19,980	40,934
19,353 523	262	816	17,298 2,682	37,729 3,205
_	5,069			5,069
71,426	15,207	5,181	125,219	217,033
	12,818 61,418 46,621 14,797 	Banks         sector           12,818         8,675           61,418         -           46,621         -           14,797         -           -         -           15,181         154           14,892         154           289         -           -         5,581           89,417         14,410           12,300         9,876           39,250         -           34,159         -           -         -           19,876         262           19,353         262           523         -           -         5,069	BanksOfficial sectorNon-bank financial institutions12,818 61,418 $8,675$ $-$ 61,418 $-$ $5,959$ 46,621 $-$ 14,797 $-$ $-$ $ -$ $-$ 15,181154 1,2881,288 1,28814,892 289154 $-$ $ -$ $ -$ $ -$ $ -$ $ 12,300$ $39,250$ $9,876$ $-$ $3,287$ $-$ $ -$ $-$ $ 12,300$ $39,250$ $9,876$ $-$ $-$ $ -$ $-$ $-$ $ 12,300$ $9,876$ $-$ $-$ $ -$ $-$ $-$ $ 12,300$ $9,876$ $-$ $-$ $ -$ $-$ $ 12,300$ $9,876$ $-$ $ -$ $-$ $ 12,300$ $9,876$ $-$ $ -$ $ 12,300$ $39,250$ $-$ $ 10,78$ $-$ $19,876$ $262$ $2816$ $816$ $523$ $ -$ $ -$ $  -$ $  -$ $  -$ $  -$ $  -$ $  -$ $  -$ $ 19,876$ $523$ <	Banks         Non-bank Official sector         financial institutions         financial private sector           12,818 61,418         8,675 -         -         4,530 61,418           -         5,959         84,139           46,621         -         -           -         -         1,063           14,797         -         5,959           -         -         -           15,181         154         1,288           14,892         154         1,288           289         -         -           -         -         -           89,417         14,410         7,247         107,466           -         -         -         -           12,300         9,876         -         5,644           39,250         -         4,365         99,595           34,159         -         -         1,329           5,091         -         3,287         98,266           -         -         1,078         -           19,876         262         816         19,980           19,353         262         816         17,298           523         -         -<

The above analysis is disclosed on a net basis after taking into account the effect of any recognised risk transfer.

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

#### **19.** Non-performing loans and advances

As at 31 December 2020, non-performing loans and advances are HK\$423 million (At 30 June 2020: NIL).

Non-performing loans and advances are advances with objective evidence of impairment and are assessed using discounted cash flow method. Specific allowances of such advances are measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The specific allowances were made after taking into account the value of collateral in respect of the above advances.

#### 20. Overdue and rescheduled loans and advances

There is no rescheduled loan and advance and no repossessed asset as at 31 December 2020 and 30 June 2020.

The overdue loans and advances of the Branch are analysed as follows:

		cember 2020 % of gross loans and advances to customers	As at 30 J HK\$ million	lune 2020 % of gross loans and advances to customers
Six months or less but over three			The minor	customers
months One year or less but over six	381	0.18%	-	_
months Over one year				
	381	0.18%		

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 20. Overdue and rescheduled loans and advances (Continued)

In HK\$ million	As at 31 Dec HK\$ million	% of gross loans and advances to	As at 30 . HK\$ million	lune 2020 % of gross loans and advances to customers
Specific allowances made in respect of the above overdue loans and advances	381	0.18%		
Current market value of collateral held against the covered portion of the above overdue loans and advances				
Covered portion of the above overdue loans and advances				
Uncovered portion of the above overdue loans and advances				

# SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 21. Mainland activities

Type of Counterparties	On-balance sheet exposures HK\$ million	Off-balance sheet exposures HK\$ million	Total HK\$ million
As at 31 December 2020			
<ul> <li>(a) Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures ("JVs")</li> </ul>	62,521	18,287	80,808
(b) Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	16,174	833	17,007
(c) PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	16,489	2,201	18,690
<ul> <li>(d) Other entities of central government not reported in part</li> <li>(a) above</li> </ul>	11,245	1,964	13,209
(e) Other entities of local governments not reported in part (b) above	6,789	327	7,116
(f) PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	8,440	1,943	10,383
(g) Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non- bank Mainland China exposures	10,882	2,625	13,507
	132,540	28,180	
			160,720
Total assets after provisions	360,351		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	36.78%		

### SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (unaudited)

### 21. Mainland activities (Continued)

Type of Counterparties	On-balance sheet exposures <i>HK\$ million</i>	Off-balance sheet exposures HK\$ million	Total HK\$ million
As at 30 June 2020			
<ul> <li>(a) Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures ("JVs")</li> </ul>	69,226	13,561	82,787
(b) Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	24,337	740	25,077
(c) PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	22,046	2,691	24,737
<ul> <li>(d) Other entities of central government not reported in part         <ul> <li>(a) above</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	12,195	2,286	14,481
<ul> <li>(e) Other entities of local governments not reported in part (b) above</li> </ul>	7,586	100	7,686
(f) PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	12,766	2,290	15,056
(g) Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	13,126	1,298	14,424
	161,282	22,966	184,248
Total assets after provisions	370,656		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	43.51%		

#### Hong Kong, 26 March 2021

## DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD

#### **GROUP CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

### 1. Capital Position and Capital Adequacy Ratios

The Group's capital adequacy ratios are as follows:

	As at	As at
	31 December 2020	30 June 2020
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Common Equity Tier 1	13.9%	13.7%
Tier 1	15.0%	14.9%
Total	16.8%	16.6%

The capital adequacy ratios are computed in accordance with the requirements set out in the Monetary Authority of Singapore's Notice to Banks No. 637 "Notice on Risk Based Capital Adequacy Requirements for Banks Incorporated in Singapore".

The Group shareholders' funds, including capital and reserves, as at 31 December 2020 were \$\$54,626 million (30 June 2020: \$\$53,438 million).

#### 2. Other financial information

	For the year ended 31 December 2020 31 December 201 S\$'million S\$'millio	
Pre-tax profit	5,368	7,583
	As at 31 December 2020 <i>S\$'million</i>	As at 30 June 2020 <i>S\$'million</i>
Total assets	649,938	648,204
Total liabilities	595,295	593,945
Total loans and advances	371,171	374,784
Total customer deposits	464,850	447,423