



**Pillar 3 and Liquidity Coverage  
Ratio ("LCR") Disclosures**

First Quarter 2021

# DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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## PART A : PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

### 1 INTRODUCTION

This part contains Pillar 3 disclosures of DBS Group Holdings Ltd and its Subsidiaries (Group) and is made pursuant to the Monetary Authority of Singapore Notice to Banks No. 637 "Notice on Risk Based Capital Adequacy Requirements for Banks incorporated in Singapore" (MAS Notice 637).

The Group views the Basel framework as part of continuing efforts to strengthen its risk management culture and ensure that the Group pursues business growth across segments and markets with the appropriate risk management discipline, practices and processes in place.

For the purpose of calculating its risk-weighted assets, the Group applies the Foundation Internal Ratings-Based Approach to certain wholesale credit exposures, the Advanced Internal Ratings-Based Approach to certain retail credit exposures and the Standardised Approach to all other credit exposures. The Group applies the respective Standardised Approaches for operational and market risks.

The numbers in this document are presented in Singapore dollars and rounded to the nearest million, unless otherwise stated.

### 2 SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

The Group's capital requirements are based on the principles of consolidation adopted in the preparation of its financial statements. The Group's regulatory scope of consolidation is identical to its accounting scope of consolidation. Please refer to the financial statements in the latest available annual report for the principles of consolidation.

Lakshmi Vilas Bank (LVB) has been amalgamated with DBS Bank India Limited with effect from 27 November 2020. The disclosures in this part include the impact of this amalgamation, unless otherwise mentioned. For more information on this, please refer to the financial statements as at 31 December 2020.

# DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## 3 OVERVIEW OF KEY PRUDENTIAL REGULATORY METRICS

The following table provides an overview of key prudential regulatory metrics for the Group.

\$'m		a	b	c	d	e
		31 Mar 21	31 Dec 20	30 Sep 20	30 Jun 20	31 Mar 20
<b>Available capital (amounts)</b>						
1	CET1 capital	46,147	44,786	44,556	44,071	44,461
2	Tier 1 capital	49,548	48,188	48,530	48,051	48,442
3	Total capital	56,332	53,937	53,970	53,482	53,846
<b>Risk-weighted assets (amounts)</b>						
4	Total RWA	322,451	321,096	320,707	322,766	319,829
<b>Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA</b>						
5	CET1 ratio (%)	14.3	13.9	13.9	13.7	13.9
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	15.4	15.0	15.1	14.9	15.1
7	Total capital ratio (%)	17.5	16.8	16.8	16.6	16.8
<b>Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA</b>						
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
9	Countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
10	Bank G-SIB and/or D-SIB additional requirements (%) <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
11	Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + row 9 + row 10)	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
12	CET1 available after meeting the Reporting Bank's minimum capital requirements (%)	7.4	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.8
<b>Leverage Ratio</b>						
13	Total Leverage Ratio exposure measure	734,674	712,767	704,203	708,838	706,922
14	Leverage Ratio (%) (row 2 / row 13)	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.9
<b>Liquidity Coverage Ratio <sup>(2)(3)</sup></b>						
15	Total High Quality Liquid Assets	118,047	115,548	107,208	107,638	92,485
16	Total net cash outflow	87,151	83,529	79,697	79,623	70,038
17	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)	136	139	135	135	133
<b>Net Stable Funding Ratio <sup>(3)</sup></b>						
18	Total available stable funding	393,332	378,250	374,315	375,534	369,142
19	Total required stable funding	308,504	302,973	304,739	311,147	331,141
20	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)	127	125	123	121	111

<sup>(1)</sup> Even though the Group is not a G-SIB, it is required under MAS Notice 637 to disclose the 12 G-SIB indicators. Please refer to <https://www.dbs.com/investors/financials/quarterly-financials> for the Group's G-SIB indicator disclosure.

<sup>(2)</sup> LCR is calculated based on average for the quarter. Please also refer to footnote 1 on Page B-1 of this document.

<sup>(3)</sup> For LCR and NSFR, LVB is excluded and the impact is estimated to be insignificant.

The CET1 ratio rose 0.4% from the previous quarter to 14.3% due to profit accretion and a methodology refinement for market RWA, which were partially offset by an increase in credit RWA.

Other commentaries for the quarter explaining significant changes in the above metrics, if any, have been included in subsequent sections of this document.

# DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## 4 LEVERAGE RATIO

The following tables provide the breakdown of the Group's leverage ratio regulatory elements and a reconciliation of the Group's balance sheet assets with the leverage ratio exposure measure.

### Leverage Ratio Common Disclosure Template

Item		Amount <sup>(1)</sup> (\$m)	
		31 Mar 2021	31 Dec 2020
<b>Exposure measures of on-balance sheet items</b>			
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative transactions and SFTs, but including on-balance sheet collateral for derivative transactions or SFTs)	613,061	592,896
2	Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	(6,230)	(6,474)
3	<b>Total exposure measures of on-balance sheet items</b> (excluding derivative transactions and SFTs)	<b>606,831</b>	<b>586,422</b>
<b>Derivative exposure measures</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative transactions (net of the eligible cash portion of variation margins)	9,919	12,726
5	Potential future exposure associated with all derivative transactions	19,574	17,611
6	Gross-up for derivative collaterals provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets in accordance with the Accounting Standards	-	-
7	Deductions of receivables for the cash portion of variation margins provided in derivative transactions	-	-
8	CCP leg of trade exposures excluded	-	-
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	2,894	2,946
10	Further adjustments in effective notional amounts and deductions from potential future exposures of written credit derivatives	-	-
11	<b>Total derivative exposure measures</b>	<b>32,387</b>	<b>33,283</b>
<b>SFT exposure measures</b>			
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of accounting netting), after adjusting for sales accounting	24,003	25,958
13	Eligible netting of cash payables and cash receivables	-	-
14	SFT counterparty exposures	569	507
15	SFT exposure measures where a Reporting Bank acts as an agent in the SFTs	-	-
16	<b>Total SFT exposure measures</b>	<b>24,572</b>	<b>26,465</b>
<b>Exposure measures of off-balance sheet items</b>			
17	Off-balance sheet items at notional amount	344,401	336,151
18	Adjustments for calculation of exposure measures of off-balance sheet items	(273,517)	(269,554)
19	<b>Total exposure measures of off-balance sheet items</b>	<b>70,884</b>	<b>66,597</b>
<b>Capital and Total exposures</b>			
20	Tier 1 capital	49,548	48,188
21	Total exposures	734,674	712,767
<b>Leverage Ratio</b>			
22	<b>Leverage Ratio</b>	<b>6.7%</b>	<b>6.8%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Leverage ratio is computed using quarter-end balances.

Leverage ratio as at 31 March 2021 stood at 6.7%, well above the 3% minimum requirement.

# DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Leverage Ratio Summary Comparison Table

		31 Mar 2021
		Amount <sup>(1)</sup>
Item		(\$m)
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	660,609
2	Adjustment for investments in entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but are outside the regulatory scope of consolidation	-
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet in accordance with the Accounting Standards but excluded from the calculation of the exposure measure	-
4	Adjustment for derivative transactions	8,819
5	Adjustment for SFTs	569
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items	70,884
7	Other adjustments	(6,207)
<b>8</b>	<b>Exposure measure</b>	<b>734,674</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Leverage ratio is computed using quarter-end balances.

# DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## 5 OVERVIEW OF RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS

The following table sets out the Group's RWA and capital requirements.

\$m	a		b		c	
	RWA				Minimum capital requirements <sup>(1)</sup>	
	31 Mar 2021	31 Dec 2020			31 Mar 2021	
1	<b>Credit risk (excluding CCR)</b>	255,119	247,251			25,512
2	<i>of which: Standardised Approach</i>	43,867	43,215			4,387
3	<i>of which: F-IRBA</i>	154,492	148,588			15,449
4	<i>of which: supervisory slotting approach</i>	46,926	45,685			4,693
5	<i>of which: A-IRBA</i>	9,834	9,763			983
6	<b>CCR</b>	12,186	11,981			1,218
7	<i>of which: Current Exposure Method</i>	8,362	9,248			836
8	<i>of which: CCR Internal Models Method</i>	-	-			-
9	<i>of which: other CCR</i>	2,330	1,606			233
9a	<i>of which: CCP</i>	1,494	1,127			149
10	<b>CVA</b>	6,783	8,013			678
11	Equity exposures under the simple risk weight method	-	-			-
11a	Equity exposures under the IMM	-	-			-
12	Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	69	74			7
13	Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	20	18			2
14	Equity investments in funds – fall-back approach	#	#			#
14a	Equity investment in funds – partial use of an approach	-	-			-
15	<b>Unsettled transactions</b>	27	#			3
16	<b>Securitisation exposures in banking book</b>	977	1,031			98
17	<i>of which: SEC-IRBA</i>	-	-			-
18	<i>of which: SEC-ERBA, including IAA</i>	977	1031			98
19	<i>of which: SEC-SA</i>	-	-			-
20	<b>Market risk</b>	22,176	27,932			2,218
21	<i>of which: SA(MR)</i>	22,176	27,932			2,218
22	<i>of which: IMA</i>	-	-			-
23	<b>Operational risk</b>	24,160	23,915			2,416
24	<b>Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)</b>	934	881			93
25	<b>Floor adjustment</b>	-	-			-
26	<b>Total</b>	322,451	321,096			32,245

# Numbers below 0.5.

<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum capital requirements in this column correspond to 10% of the RWA in column "(a)" which is 2.0 percentage points higher than the Basel Committee's requirement.

Compared to 31 December 2020, the increase in credit RWA from loan growth was partially offset by a decline in market RWA due to methodology refinements.

## DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### 6 CREDIT RISK

#### 6.1 IRBA - RWA Flow Statement for Credit Risk Exposures

The following table explains the change in the Group's credit RWA under IRBA for the quarter.

	31 Mar 2021
	a
\$'m	RWA amounts
<b>1 RWA as at end of previous quarter</b>	<b>204,036</b>
2 Asset size	7,419
3 Asset quality <sup>(1)</sup>	(1,796)
4 Model updates	-
5 Methodology and Policy	-
6 Acquisitions and disposals	-
7 Foreign exchange movements	1,593
8 Other	-
<b>9 RWA as at end of quarter</b>	<b>211,252</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> This represents movement in RWA resulting from factors (other than exposure movements) such as changes in portfolio mix, tenor, credit risk mitigation, etc.

Credit RWA (under IRBA) increased during the quarter driven by loan growth and foreign exchange translation, partially offset by improved asset quality.

### 7 COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK ("CCR")

#### 7.1 RWA Flow Statements under the CCR Internal Models Method

This disclosure is not applicable as the Group does not adopt the CCR Internal Models method.

### 8 MARKET RISK

#### 8.1 RWA Flow Statements of Market Risk Exposures under IMA

This disclosure is not applicable as the Group did not adopt IMA to measure its regulatory capital requirements for market risk.

## PART B: LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (“LCR”) DISCLOSURES

The following disclosures for the Group<sup>(1)</sup> are made pursuant to the Monetary Authority of Singapore (“MAS”) Notice to Banks No. 651 “Liquidity Coverage Ratio (“LCR”) Disclosure” (“MAS Notice 651”).

The Group is subject to the Basel III Liquidity Coverage Ratio (“LCR”) standards pursuant to MAS Notice 649. As at 1 January 2019, the Group is required to maintain daily all-currency and Singapore dollar (“SGD”) LCR above 100%.

The LCR aims to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered High Quality Liquid Assets (“HQLA”) to meet its liquidity needs for a 30-calendar day liquidity stress scenario. MAS Notice 649 stipulates the range of liquid assets that qualify as HQLA, as well as the applicable haircuts for each category. Net cash outflows are computed using the standardized 30-day cash flow rates defined in the same notice. The amounts after the application of haircuts or 30-day cash flow rates are reflected in the “weighted amount” column of the tables in this part.

The Group seeks to ensure that its LCR remains above the specified regulatory minimum requirements. This is achieved by:

- (i) Establishing internal early warning triggers and thresholds based on observed movements in LCR over time;
- (ii) Monitoring and managing the LCR closely to ensure it stays within established boundaries; and
- (iii) Strategically managing the liquidity risk arising from the balance sheet structure.

<sup>(1)</sup> The LCR incorporates the assets and liabilities of DBS Bank Ltd., its banking subsidiaries and DBS Group Holdings Ltd. It excludes the assets and liabilities of Lakshmi Vilas Bank (LVB) that was amalgamated with DBS India Ltd on 27 Nov 2020. Impact from LVB's positions is estimated to be insignificant.

# DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## 1.1 Average All-Currency LCR for the Quarter ended 31 March 2021 (Number of data points: 90)

		31 Mar 2021	
\$m		UNWEIGHTED <sup>(1)</sup>	WEIGHTED VALUE
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>			
1	<b>Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)<sup>(2)</sup></b>		<b>118,047</b>
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			
2	<b>Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which</b>	<b>244,610</b>	<b>20,333</b>
3	Stable deposits	81,701	4,042
4	Less stable deposits	162,909	16,291
5	<b>Unsecured wholesale funding, of which</b>	<b>186,846</b>	<b>98,935</b>
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in institutional networks of cooperative banks	40,553	9,801
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	139,229	82,070
8	Unsecured debt	7,064	7,064
9	<b>Secured wholesale funding</b>		<b>566</b>
10	<b>Additional requirements, of which</b>	<b>72,183</b>	<b>16,552</b>
11	Outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements	17,709	10,049
12	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-
13	Credit and liquidity facilities	54,474	6,503
14	<b>Other contractual funding obligations</b>	<b>2,369</b>	<b>2,336</b>
15	<b>Other contingent funding obligations</b>	<b>28,639</b>	<b>859</b>
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>		<b>139,581</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>			
17	<b>Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)</b>	<b>11,264</b>	<b>1,305</b>
18	<b>Inflows from fully performing exposures</b>	<b>74,256</b>	<b>46,783</b>
19	<b>Other cash inflows</b>	<b>8,659</b>	<b>4,342</b>
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>94,179</b>	<b>52,430</b>
		TOTAL ADJUSTED VALUE	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA<sup>(2)</sup></b>		<b>118,047</b>
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>		<b>87,151</b>
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)<sup>(3)</sup></b>		<b>136%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The unweighted amounts refer to cash flows due or callable within 30 days, with the exception of items in rows 13 and 15 which reflect the full notional balances.

<sup>(2)</sup> HQLA in row 1 and row 21 may not be equal as row 1 is before the application of caps on Level 2 liquid assets.

<sup>(3)</sup> The LCR is computed as an average of observations of LCR during the quarter. This may not be equal to an LCR computed with the average values of HQLA and net cash outflows disclosed in the table.

# DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## 1.2 Average SGD LCR for the Quarter ended 31 March 2021 (Number of data points: 90)

\$m		31 Mar 2021	
		UNWEIGHTED <sup>(1)</sup>	WEIGHTED VALUE
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>			
1	<b>Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)<sup>(2)</sup></b>		<b>56,591</b>
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			
2	<b>Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which</b>	<b>166,285</b>	<b>12,950</b>
3	Stable deposits	73,568	3,678
4	Less stable deposits	92,717	9,272
5	<b>Unsecured wholesale funding, of which</b>	<b>39,502</b>	<b>16,243</b>
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in institutional networks of cooperative banks	17,364	4,167
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	22,015	11,953
8	Unsecured debt	123	123
9	<b>Secured wholesale funding</b>		-
10	<b>Additional requirements, of which</b>	<b>32,445</b>	<b>16,490</b>
11	Outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements	15,830	15,109
12	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-
13	Credit and liquidity facilities	16,615	1,381
14	<b>Other contractual funding obligations</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>133</b>
15	<b>Other contingent funding obligations</b>	<b>3,630</b>	<b>109</b>
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>		<b>45,925</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>			
17	<b>Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)</b>	<b>1,017</b>	<b>5</b>
18	<b>Inflows from fully performing exposures</b>	<b>9,567</b>	<b>4,985</b>
19	<b>Other cash inflows</b>	<b>24,846</b>	<b>24,606</b>
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>35,430</b>	<b>29,596</b>
		TOTAL ADJUSTED VALUE	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA<sup>(2)</sup></b>		<b>56,591</b>
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS<sup>(3)</sup></b>		<b>16,329</b>
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)<sup>(4)</sup></b>		<b>353%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The unweighted amounts refer to cash flows due or callable within 30 days, with the exception of items in rows 13 and 15 which reflect the full notional balances.

<sup>(2)</sup> HQLA in row 1 and row 21 may not be equal as row 1 is before the application of caps on Level 2 liquid assets.

<sup>(3)</sup> Total net cash outflows may not be equal to the total cash outflows minus total cash inflows as the cap on inflows could be binding. Cash inflows may be netted against cash outflows up to an aggregate cap of 75% of total cash outflows.

<sup>(4)</sup> The LCR is computed as an average of observations of LCR during the quarter. This may not be equal to an LCR computed with the average values of HQLA and net cash outflows disclosed in the table.

## 1.3 Liquidity Coverage Ratio

In the first quarter of 2021, the average all-currency and SGD LCRs were 136% and 353% respectively. Compared to the previous quarter:

- All-currency LCR reduced slightly from 139% due to an increase in outflow from wholesale deposits partially offset by an increase in HQLA.
- SGD LCR reduced from 443% due to an increase in net derivative outflow.

The LCR remains above the regulatory minimum requirements of 100% for both all-currency and SGD. The Group maintains a healthy liquidity position by keeping a stable balance sheet structure that is supported by a diversified funding base.

The Group's LCR is sensitive to (i) balance sheet movements resulting from commercial loan/deposit activities and wholesale inter-bank lending/ borrowing; and (ii) movements due to positions falling into or out of the LCR 30-day tenor, such as loan rollovers. LCR is also sensitive to movements in HQLA, driven primarily by changes in balances with central banks and collaterals from secured lending and borrowing transactions.

### a) Composition of High Quality Liquid Assets ("HQLA")

The Group holds a pool of unencumbered HQLA that are readily available to meet cash flow obligations under stress scenarios, as defined in the LCR rules. These liquid assets consist predominantly of Level 1 HQLA, which comprises cash, balances with central banks and highly rated bonds issued by governments or supranational entities. These may be included, without haircuts or limitations in quantum, in the total pool of HQLA.

The Group's HQLA include Singapore government securities and local government/central bank securities held at overseas branches and subsidiaries. This is supplemented by bonds issued by highly rated corporate issuers (including public sector entities), as well as covered bonds issued by reputable financial institutions.

### b) Concentration of Funding Sources

The Group strives to develop a diversified funding base with access to funding sources across retail and wholesale channels. The Group's funding strategy is anchored on strengthening the core deposit franchise as the foundation of its long-term funding advantage. Please refer to the risk management disclosures in the latest available annual report for more information on the Group's funding strategy.

### c) Derivative Exposures and Potential Collateral Calls

The Group actively manages its over-the-counter ("OTC") and exchange-traded financial derivative exposures arising from market making, trading activities, and its commercial business (including structuring and packaging products for investors and clients). Derivative exposures are mainly from, but not limited to, interest rate swaps and futures, foreign exchange forwards and swaps, and currency swaps. These derivative positions are marked-to-market daily, affecting the collateral amounts posted to and received from interbank counterparties and/or exchanges. Cash flows resulting from potential changes in collateral amounts posted/received are incorporated into LCR net cash outflows.

### 1.3 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued)

#### d) Currency Mismatch

As part of its funding strategy, the Group makes use of the swap markets to support its funding needs across currencies. The Group's stable funding base of customer deposits is predominantly denominated in the local currency of its key operating locations. Matching its deposit currency mix, the main portion of the Group's liquid assets is denominated in SGD and the local currencies of key operating locations.

#### e) Centralization of Liquidity Management

Overseas branches and subsidiaries are encouraged but not required to centralise the majority of their borrowings and deployment of funds with Head Office. They will take into account any relevant regulatory restrictions while maintaining an adequate level of presence and participation in the local funding markets.

By managing the liquid assets as a pool, the Group expects to be able to monetize liquid assets to meet liquidity shortfalls under times of stress.

Please refer to the latest available annual report for more information on the Group's liquidity risk management.

## PART C: ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviations	Brief Description
A-IRBA	Advanced Internal Ratings-Based Approach
CAR	Capital Adequacy Ratio
CCP	Central Counterparty
CCR	Counterparty Credit Risk
CET1	Common Equity Tier 1
CVA	Credit Valuation Adjustment
D-SIB	Domestic Systemically Important Banks
F-IRBA	Foundation Internal Ratings-Based Approach
G-SIB	Global Systemically Important Banks
HQLA	High Quality Liquid Assets
IAA	Internal Assessment Approach
IMA	Internal Models Approach
IMM	Internal Models Method
IRBA	Internal Ratings-Based Approach
LCR	Liquidity Coverage Ratio
MAS	Monetary Authority of Singapore
NSFR	Net Stable Funding Ratio
OTC	Over-the-counter
RWA	Risk-Weighted Assets
SA(MR)	Standardised Approach for Market Risk
SEC-ERBA	Securitisation External Ratings-Based Approach
SEC-IRBA	Securitisation Internal Ratings-Based Approach
SEC-SA	Securitisation Standardised Approach
SFT	Securities or Commodities Financing Transaction
SGD	Singapore Dollar
US\$	United States Dollar