To: Shareholders

The DBS Group Holdings Ltd ("DBSH" or "the Company") Board of Directors report audited financial results for the year ended December 31, 2005.

The Directors have recommended a final gross dividend of 17 cents for each DBSH ordinary share. All dividends will be paid less 20% Singapore income tax. Details of the proposed dividends in respect of the financial year ended December 31 are as follows:

In \$ millions	2005	2004
DBSH Non-voting Convertible Preference Share ("CPS")		
Interim dividend* of 30 cents less 20% tax (2004: 18 cents less 20% tax)	(a)	(a)
No final dividend for 2005 (2004: 12 cents less 20% tax)	-	(a)
	(a)	(a)
DBSH Non-voting redeemable CPS		
Interim dividend* of 30 cents less 20% tax (2004: 18 cents less 20% tax)	16	9
No final dividend for 2005 (2004: 12 cents less 20% tax)	-	6
	16	15
DBSH Ordinary share		
Interim dividend* of 41 cents less 20% tax (2004: 18 cents less 20% tax)	488	215
Final dividend of 17 cents less 20% tax (2004: 22 cents less 20% tax)	204	263
	692	478

^{*} Interim dividends were paid to entitled shareholders during the year.

The 2005 final dividend will be payable on April 20, 2006, subject to shareholders' approval at the Annual General Meeting to be held on March 30, 2006. The DBSH shares will be quoted ex-dividend on April 4, 2006. Notice is hereby given that the Share Transfer Books and Register of Members of the Company will be closed on April 7, 2006. Duly completed transfers received by the Company's Registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services of 8 Cross Street #11-00 PWC Building, Singapore 048424 up to 5.00 p.m. on April 6, 2006 will be registered to determine shareholders' entitlement to the 2005 final dividend. In respect of ordinary shares in the securities accounts with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"), the 2005 final dividend will be paid by DBSH to CDP, which will in turn distribute the dividend entitlements to shareholders.

By order of the Board

Heng Lee Cheng (Ms) Group Secretary

February 17, 2006 Singapore

More information on the above announcement is available at www.dbs.com/investor

⁽a) Amounts under \$500,000

Report of the Auditors To the Members of DBS Group Holdings Ltd (incorporated in Singapore)

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of DBS Group Holdings Ltd ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 1 to 40 for the year ended December 31, 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's Directors. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion,

- (a) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the balance sheet of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 ("the Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, including the modification of the requirements of FRS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement in respect of loan loss provisioning by Notice to Banks No. 612 "Credit Files, Grading and Provisioning" issued by the Monetary Authority of Singapore, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company at December 31, 2005, the results, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiaries incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

ERNS YOUNG
Certified Public Accountants

February 17, 2006 Singapore

* These page numbers are as stated in the Auditors' Report dated February 17, 2006 included in DBS Group Holdings Ltd's financial statements for the financial year ended December 31, 2005.



Performance Summary

Audited Financial Results for Year 2005

	_
Adoption of New or Revised Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS")	2
Financial Highlights and Ratios	3
Financial Review	
Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin	
Non-Interest Income	
Operating Expenses	
Provision Charge	
Balance Sheet	
Loans and Advances to Customers	
Non-Performing Assets_	
Deposits	

Value at Risk and Trading Income12Capital Adequacy Ratio13Unrealised Valuation Surpluses13Business Segment Analysis14Geographical Segment Analysis17Comparatives17

Appendix I: Audited Consolidated Profit and Loss Account

Appendix II: Audited Balance Sheet

Contents

Appendix III: Audited Statements of Changes in Equity
Appendix IV: Audited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Appendix V: Selected Notes to the Accounts

Issuance of Ordinary Shares

Appendix VI: Hong Kong Country Results

Page

Adoption of New or Revised Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS")

a. Adoption of New or Revised FRS

The Group adopted the new or revised Singapore Financial Reporting Standards and related Interpretations ("INT FRS"), which are effective January 1, 2005. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant transitional provisions under the respective FRS and INT FRS. The adoption of these new or revised FRS and INT FRS did not result in substantial change to the Group's accounting policies, which are consistent with those used in the previous financial year, except for the following:

- FRS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (revised)
- FRS 102 Share-based Payment
- FRS 103 Business Combinations
- INT FRS 12 Consolidation Special Purpose Entities (amended)
- FRS 32 Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation (revised)

FRS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

FRS 39 resulted in changes to accounting policies relating to the recognition and measurement of financial instruments, hedge accounting criteria and loan provisions. In accordance with the transitional provisions of FRS 39, the Standard has been applied prospectively and there is no requirement to restate comparative figures for prior years.

FRS 102, Share-based Payment

FRS 102 has been applied retrospectively for all equity instruments granted after November 22, 2002 and unvested as at January 1, 2005. With the adoption of the Standard, the Group expenses off share options and shares awarded to staff and directors under its share-based incentive plans, with a corresponding increase in Share option/plan reserves.

FRS 103, Business Combinations

With the adoption of FRS 103, the Group ceases the amortisation of goodwill arising from acquisitions to the income statement. In accordance with the transitional provisions of the Standard, the Group has applied the revised accounting policy for goodwill prospectively. Therefore, the change has no impact on amounts reported for previous financial years.

INT FRS 12, Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities

The adoption of INT FRS 12 resulted in the consolidation of the Group's employee benefit trusts. The DBSH shares held by these trusts are accounted for as "Treasury shares" and reflected as a deduction against shareholders' equity. The requirements of INT FRS 12 have been applied retrospectively in accordance with the transitional provisions of the Standard.

FRS 32, Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation

Under the revised Standard, preference shares issued by the entity should be classified as equity if the issuer has the discretion but no contractual obligations to make distributions to holders of the preference shares. The changes to FRS 32 resulted in a reclassification of preference shares issued by a subsidiary of the Group from debt to equity. The preference shares and its distributions will be classified under minority interests in the Group's consolidated financial results. The comparatives were accordingly restated.

b. Voluntary Change in Accounting Policy

During the current financial year, the Group changed its accounting policy for its investments in joint ventures. These investments are now accounted for by proportionate consolidation, whereby the Group's share of joint ventures' income and expenses, assets and liabilities are included in the consolidated financial statements on a line-by-line basis. There was no material impact to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights and Ratios

DBS Group Holdings Ltd ("DBSH") prepares its consolidated DBSH Group ("Group") financial statements in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS"), as modified by the requirements of Notice to Banks No. 612 "Credit Files, Grading and Provisioning" issued by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

	4th Qtr 2005	4th Qtr 2004	3rd Qtr 2005	Year 2005	Year 2004
Selected Income Items (In \$ millions)					
Operating income	1,417	1,037	1,053	4,641	4,976
Operating profit before provisions and goodwill charges	866	517	548	2,615	3,020
Net profit attributable to shareholders (before		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•	,
goodwill charges)	687	432	419	1,952	2,435
Net (loss)/profit attributable to shareholders	(441)	322	419	824	1,995
Selected Balance Sheet Items (In \$ millions)					
Shareholders' funds	16,724	16,444	17,416	16,724	16,444
Loans and advances to customers	79,462	69,659	78,776	79,462	69,659
Due to non-bank customers	116,884	113,206	114,918	116,884	113,206
Total assets	180,204	175,671	182,577	180,204	175,671
Per share data (In \$)					
Basic earnings excluding goodwill charges	1.22	1.15	1.11	1.30	1.63
Basic earnings	0.47	0.86	1.11	0.54	1.33
Diluted earnings Net asset value ^{1/}	0.45	0.83	1.07	0.53	1.29
(i) based on existing ordinary share capital (ii)assuming conversion of outstanding	10.87	10.72	11.34	10.87	10.72
preference shares to ordinary shares	10.69	10.55	11.14	10.69	10.55
Performance ratios (In %)					
Return on assets	0.39	0.76	0.92	0.46	1.19
Return on equity 1/	4.15	7.92	9.70	4.97	12.76
Return on assets (excluding goodwill charges) Return on equity (excluding goodwill charges) 1/	1.01	1.01	0.92	1.10	1.45
Return on equity (excluding goodwill charges) 11	10.76	10.62	9.70	11.78	15.58
Cost-to-income ratio (excluding goodwill					
charges) Non-interest income to total operating income	38.9	50.1	48.0	43.7	39.3
ratio	43.5	35.9	29.2	36.6	45.9
Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio	10.6	11.3	10.4	10.6	11.3
Total capital adequacy ratio	14.8	15.8	14.7	14.8	15.8

Note

^{1/} Minority interests are not included as equity in the computation of net asset value and return on equity.

Financial Review

Income Statement 1/							
In \$ millions	4th Qtr	4th Qtr	+/(-)	3rd Qtr	Year	Year	+/(-)
	2005	2004	%	2005	2005	2004	%
Net interest income	800	665	20	746	2,943	2,691	9
Non-interest income ^{2/}	617	372	66	307	1,698	2,285	(26)
Operating income	1,417	1,037	37	1,053	4,641	4,976	(7)
Operating expenses	(551)	(520)	6	(505)	(2,026)	(1,956)	4
Operating profit before provisions Provisions Share of profits of associates	866	517	68	548	2,615	3,020	(13)
	(55)	30	>100	(4)	(203)	(63)	>100
	15	10	50	13	54	49	10
Operating profit before taxation	826	557	48	557	2,466	3,006	(18)
Taxation	(94)	(88)	7	(97)	(353)	(420)	(16)
Net profit after taxation	732	469	56	460	2,113	2,586	(18)
Minority interests	(45)	(37)	22	(41)	(161)	(151)	7
Net profit attributable to shareholders (before goodwill charges)	687	432	59	419	1,952	2,435	(20)
Goodwill charges	(1,128)	(110)	NM	-	(1,128)	(440)	NM
Net profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders	(441)	322	(>100)	419	824	1,995	(59)
Excluding one-time gains and goodwill charges - Selected Income Lines							
Net profit attributable to shareholders	384	432	(11)	419	1,649	1,938	(15)
Operating income	1,114	1,037	7	1,053	4,338	4,479	(3)

NM: Not meaningful

Notes:

One-time gains and goodwill charge

In fourth quarter 2005, a one-time \$303 million gain from the sale of DBS Tower One and Tower Two and goodwill charges of \$1.13 billion for DBSH Group's investment in DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited were booked, resulting in a net profit attributable to shareholders ("net profit") of \$824 million for full year 2005 and a \$441 million net loss for fourth quarter 2005.

Excluding one-time gains and goodwill charge

DBSH Group's net profit for fourth quarter 2005 was \$384 million. This was 11% and 8% lower than net profit for fourth quarter 2004 and third quarter 2005 respectively, as lower non-interest income, higher operating expenses and provisions were partially offset by higher net interest income.

Operating income of \$1.1 billion increased 7% and 6% from fourth quarter 2004 and third quarter 2005 respectively, due to higher net interest income, partially offset by lower non-interest income.

Operating expenses rose 6% from fourth quarter 2004 and 9% from third quarter 2005 to \$551 million, due to higher staff costs, occupancy expenses and general expenses. The cost-to-income ratio was 49.5% compared to 50.1% and 48.0% for fourth quarter 2004 and third quarter 2005 respectively.

Provisions amounting to \$55 million were made for fourth quarter 2005 compared to write-back in fourth quarter 2004 where there were higher loan recoveries. General provisions of \$36 million were written back in third quarter 2005 as the Group evaluated its general provisions level to be adequate relative to its exposures. There is no general provision charge or write-back in fourth quarter 2005.

^{1/} Figures for prior periods have been restated to reflect the effects of adopting new or revised FRS.

^{2/} Included in non-interest income 4th Quarter 2005 and Year 2005 are one-time gains of \$303 million from sale of DBS Tower One and Tower Two in 2005, and \$497 million from the divestment of the Group's stakes in DBS Thai Danu Public Company Limited ("DTDB") and Wing Lung Bank in 2004.

Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin

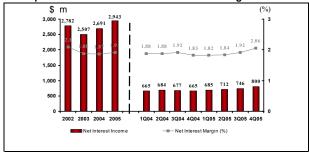
Group Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin 11

_	4	th Qtr 200	5	-	th Qtr 200	4	3	rd Qtr 200	5
In \$ millions	Average balance	Interest	Average rate (%)	Average balance	Interest	Average rate (%)	Average balance	Interest	Average rate (%)
Customer loans and advances Interbank placements and	78,891	967	4.86	68,477	598	3.47	78,339	845	4.28
loans	25,105	164	2.59	30,026	127	1.68	24,099	142	2.34
Securities	50,109	476	3.77	46,106	359	3.10	51,785	453	3.47
Total interest bearing assets	154,105	1,607	4.14	144,609	1,084	2.98	154,223	1,440	3.70
Customer deposits Debt securities and bank	116,054	500	1.71	109,395	229	0.83	115,775	396	1.36
borrowings	31,646	307	3.85	28,671	190	2.64	31,974	298	3.70
Total interest bearing liabilities	147,700	807	2.17	138,066	419	1.21	147,749	694	1.86
Net interest income/margin		800	2.06		665	1.83		746	1.92

		Year 2005			Year 2004	
In \$ millions	Average balance	Interest	Average rate (%)	Average balance	Interest	Average rate (%)
Customer loans and advances Interbank placements and	75,479	3,152	4.18	67,044	2,311	3.45
loans Securities	29,072 49,307	656 1,734	2.26 3.52	31,347 45,149	404 1,328	1.29 2.94
Total interest bearing assets	153,858	5,542	3.60	143,540	4,043	2.82
Customer deposits Debt securities and bank	115,814	1,494	1.29	110,114	752	0.68
borrowings	31,748	1,105	3.48	27,820	600	2.16
Total interest bearing liabilities	147,562	2,599	1.76	137,934	1,352	0.98
Net interest income/margin	•	2,943	1.91	•	2,691	1.87

Note:

Group Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin



Net interest income grew 20% over fourth quarter 2004 to \$800 million in fourth quarter 2005. Compared to third quarter 2005, net interest income increased 7%.

- The increase in net interest income over fourth quarter 2004 was largely due to higher customer loan yield and increased lending volumes, as end-period customer loans grew 14% year-on-year. This was partially offset by higher fixed deposits costs.
- Net interest margin for fourth quarter 2005 was 2.06%, an increase of 23 basis points and 14 basis points from fourth quarter 2004 and third quarter 2005 respectively. The increases were partly due to more funds deployed to higher yielding customer loans and debt securities. Compared to third quarter 2005, the widening spread between Prime rate and HIBOR in Hong Kong also contributed to the increase in net interest margin.

^{1/} Net interest margin is net interest income expressed as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

Non-Interest Income

In \$ millions	4th Qtr 2005	4th Qtr 2004	+/(-) %	3rd Qtr 2005	Year 2005	Year 2004	+/(-) %
Fee and commission income							
Stockbroking	24	27	(11)	32	106	120	(12)
Investment banking	45	34	32	30	134	98	37
Trade and remittances	41	41	-	46	172	162	6
Loan related	28	33	(15)	29	157	157	-
Guarantees	6	6	-	8	28	26	8
Deposit related	20	20	-	19	77	82	(6)
Credit card	23	23	_	25	90	87	3
Fund management	12	10	20	12	53	43	23
Wealth management	32	30	7	30	129	119	8
Others	10	9	11	11	40	39	3
Total	241	233	3	242	986	933	6
Dividend and rental income	52	16	>100	27	127	104	22
Other income							
Net trading income							
- from trading businesses	44	91	(52)	45	256	584	(56)
- from other businesses	(62)	5	(>100)	(44)	(97)	10	(>100)
Net gain on non-trading investments	33	25	32	32	102	644 2/	(84)
Net gain on properties and other fixed assets	306 ^{1/}	-	NM	4	314	4	>100
Others _	3	2	50_	1	10	6	67
Total _	324	123	>100_	38	585	1,248	(53)
Total non-interest income	617	372	66	307	1,698	2,285	(26)
Non-interest income as a percentage of operating income (%)	43.5	35.9		29.2	36.6	45.9	

NM: Not meaningful

Notes

1/ Includes one-time gains of \$303 million.

2/ Includes one-time gains of \$497 million.

Non-interest income for fourth quarter 2005 increased 66% to \$617 million from fourth quarter 2004, mainly due to a \$303 million gain from the sale of DBS Tower One and Tower Two. Excluding the one-time gains, non-interest income declined 16% from fourth quarter 2004 mainly due to lower net trading income, cushioned by higher dividend, fee and commission income. Compared to third quarter 2005, non-interest income was 2% higher.

- Fee and commission income was \$241 million in fourth quarter 2005. As compared to fourth quarter 2004, fee and commission income improved 3% due mainly to higher fees from investment banking, partially offset by lower income from stockbroking and loan related activities. The income was flat from last quarter as lower fees from stockbroking, trade and remittances were offset by higher fees from investment banking and wealth management activities.
- Excluding the one-time gains, Other Income in fourth quarter 2005 decreased \$102 million and \$17 million from fourth quarter 2004 and third quarter 2005 respectively, driven by lower net trading income.

Operating Expenses

In \$ millions	4th Qtr 2005	4th Qtr 2004	+/(-) %	3rd Qtr 2005	Year 2005	Year 2004	+/(-) %
Staff costs	279	257	9	255	1,052	993	6
Occupancy expenses	52	41	27	48	186	182	2
Computerisation expenses	81	82	(1)	82	308	312	(1)
Revenue-related expenses	27	34	(21)	22	99	104	(5)
Others	112	106	6	98	381	365	4
Total operating expenses	551	520	6	505	2,026	1,956	4
Cost-to-income ratio (%)	38.9 ^{1/}	50.1		48.0	43.7 ^{1/}	39.3 ^{1/}	
Staff headcount number (at period-end)	12,728	11,454		12,562	12,728	11,454	

Note:

Operating expenses for fourth quarter 2005 was \$551 million, an increase of 6% when compared to fourth quarter 2004 and 9% when compared to third quarter 2005.

- Staff costs increased 9% from fourth quarter 2004 due to higher headcount and wage pressures in 2005, partially offset by lower performance-related bonus accruals. Compared to third quarter 2005, staff costs rose 9% due to higher staff costs.
- Occupancy expenses increased 27% due to higher renovation-related accruals and higher rental and maintenance costs in fourth quarter 2005. Increase from third quarter 2005 was 8%.
- Revenue-related expenses decreased in fourth quarter 2005 by 21% when compared to fourth quarter 2004 mainly due to the adoption of FRS 39 in 2005, whereby certain transaction costs including dealers' commissions, cash rebates and legal subsidies arising from car and mortgage loans are amortised and reflected against interest income.

Provision Charge

In \$ millions	4th Qtr 2005	4th Qtr 2004	+/(-) %	3rd Qtr 2005	Year 2005	Year 2004	+/(-) %
Specific provision ("SP")							
Loans							
Singapore	56	26	>100	10	114	38	>100
Hong Kong	17	2	>100	17	56	61	(8)
Other countries	(2)	9	(>100)	3	26	(6)	>100
Sub-Total	71	37	92	30	196	93	>100
Securities, properties and other assets	(16)	(53)	(70)	10	7	(25)	>100
Total Specific provision	55	(16)	>100	40	203	68	>100
General provision	-	(14)	NM	(36)	-	(5)	NM
Total provision charge	55	(30)	>100	4	203	63	>100
SP (loans) / Average loan (basis point)	35	21	-	15	26	14	
NM: Not meaningful							

Total provision charge for fourth quarter 2005 was \$55 million, compared to a write-back of \$30 million for fourth quarter 2004 and provision charge of \$4 million for third quarter 2005.

- Specific provision charge for loans increased to \$71 million in the fourth quarter 2005 as compared to \$37 million in the same quarter last year. The write-backs in securities, properties and other assets in fourth quarters 2005 and 2004 were due to improved valuations in properties and securities.
- The Group sets its general provisions in relation to its aggregate credit exposures in accordance with MAS Notice 612. In third quarter 2005, general provisions were reversed as collateral values improved in line with a stronger economic outlook. In fourth quarter 2005, no additional provision was made as the Group's general provisions level was ascertained to be adequate relative to its exposures.

^{1/} Income includes one-time gains of \$303 million in Year 2005 and \$497 million in Year 2004.

Balance Sheet

Key Balance Sheet Items

In \$ millions	Dec 31 2005	Sep 30 2005	Dec 31 2004
Total assets	180,204	182,577	175,671
Customer loans	79,462	78,776	69,659
Customer deposits	116,884	114,918	113,206
Loan-to-deposit ratio (%)	68.0	68.6	61.5

Loans and Advances to Customers

In \$ millions	Dec 31 2005	Sep 30 2005	Dec 31 2004
Gross	80,949	80,241	71,021
Less:	00,343	00,241	71,021
Specific provisions	636	600	557
General provisions	851	865	805
Net total	79,462	78,776	69,659
Analysed by Industry	·		
Manufacturing	8,536	8,684	7,268
Building & Construction	8,958	8,590	6,902
Housing Loans	25,005	25,448	24,091
General Commerce	8,639	8.800	7.297
Transportation, Storage & Communications	6,884	7,012	5,259
Financial Institutions, Investment & Holding Companies	9,785	8,553	7,467
Professionals & Private Individuals (except Housing Loans)	7,204	7,251	7,038
Others	5,938	5,903	5,699
Total (Gross)	80,949	80,241	71,021
Analysed by Currency and Fixed / Variable Rates			
Fixed rate 1/			
Singapore dollar	7,171	8,776	10,046
Hong Kong dollar	409	381	458
US dollar	208	144	82
Others	428	430	342
Sub-total	8,216	9,731	10,928
Variable rate 2/			
Singapore dollar	26,400	25,128	23,899
Hong Kong dollar	24,312	24,012	21,432
US dollar	16,006	15,615	10,464
Others	6,015	5,755	4,298
Sub-total	72,733	70,510	60,093
Total (Gross)	80,949	80,241	71,021

Notes:

 ^{1/} Fixed rate loans refer to long-term loans where the interest rates are fixed for the initial 1 to 3 years for certain mortgage loans, and over the entire loan period for other loans.
 2/ Variable rate loans refer to loans that are pegged to prime, short-term cost of funds or inter-bank rates.

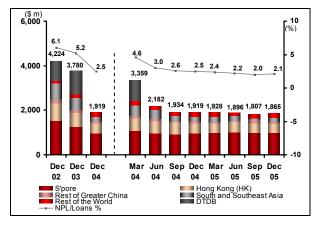
Non-Performing Assets

In \$ millions	Singapore	Hong Kong	Rest of Greater China	South and Southeast Asia	Rest Of the World	Total
December 31, 2005	oguporo		•	7.0.0		
Non-Performing Assets	999	402	91	181	192	1,865
- Substandard	615	289	65	110	141	1,220
- Doubtful - Loss	148 236	66 47	6 20	5 66	51	276 369
NPAs as a % of Group total assets	0.6%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	1.0%
Non-bank NPLs as a % of non-bank loans in the respective countries 1/	2.1%	1.5%	3.2%	3.7%	3.7%	2.1%
Total Cumulative Provisions	965	411	68	171	185	1,800
- Specific provisions	441	139	36	85	68	769
- General provisions	524	272	32	86	117	1,031
Total Cumulative Provisions as a % of:						
- Group total assets	0.5%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	1.0%
NPAs in the respective countries Unsecured NPAs in the respective countries	97% 205%	102% 248%	75% 164%	94% 176%	97% 136%	97% 198%
- Offisecured NFAs III the respective countries	20370	240 /0	104 /0	17070	130 /0	130 /0
<u>September 30, 2005</u>						
Non-Performing Assets	998	426	65	177	141	1,807
- Substandard	645	313	35	103	141	1,237
- Doubtful	175	60	4	7	- 1	246
- Loss	178	53	26	67		324
NPAs as a % of Group total assets	0.5%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	1.0%
Non-bank NPLs as a % of non-bank loans in the respective countries $^{\it 1/}$	2.1%	1.6%	2.5%	3.6%	2.5%	2.0%
Total Cumulative Provisions	933	435	68	161	160	1,757
- Specific provisions	407	148	39	82	50	726
- General provisions	526	287	29	79	110	1,031
Total Cumulative Provisions as a % of:						
- Group total assets	0.5%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	1.0%
- NPAs in the respective countries	94%	102%	106%	91%	112%	97%
- Unsecured NPAs in the respective countries	207%	239%	155%	176%	196%	207%
December 31, 2004	050	474	70	040	400	4.040
Non-Performing Assets - Substandard	958 674	471 341	73 39	218 107	199 199	1,919 1,360
- Doubtful	80	51	15	23	199	169
- Loss	204	79	19	88	-	390
NPAs as a % of Group total assets	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	1.1%
Non-bank NPLs as a % of non-bank loans in the respective countries $^{1/}$	2.2%	2.0%	5.0%	6.3%	4.6%	2.5%
Total Cumulative Provisions	905	448	67	150	136	1,706
- Specific provisions	359	161	44	97	28	689
- General provisions	546	287	23	53	108	1,017
Total Cumulative Provisions as a % of:						
- Group total assets	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	1.0%
- NPAs in the respective countries	94%	95%	91%	69%	69%	89%
- Unsecured NPAs in the respective countries	221%	260%	99%	125%	95%	187%

Computed based on total non-bank customer non-performing loans ("NPLs") (excluding non-performing debt securities and contingent items) divided by total gross non-bank customer loans.

Non-Performing Assets (continued)

Asset Quality



Geographical NPL Rate (Based on MAS standard)

	Dec 31	Sep 30	Dec 31
(%)	2005	2005	2004
Singapore	2.1	2.1	2.2
Hong Kong	1.5	1.6	2.0
Rest of Greater China	3.2	2.5	5.0
South and Southeast Asia	3.7	3.6	6.3
Rest of the World	3.7	2.5	4.6
Group NPL rate	2.1	2.0	2.5

Note:

- 1/ NPL rate is computed based on total non-bank customer NPLs (excluding non-performing debt securities and contingent items) divided by total gross non-bank customer loans.
- Non-performing assets ("NPAs") increased marginally to \$1.87 billion at end December 2005. Out of the \$1.87 billion NPAs, \$0.5 billion or 27% were restructured NPAs.
- Singapore NPAs were \$1.0 billion and accounted for 54% of the Group's NPAs, while Hong Kong NPAs of \$0.4 billion accounted for 22%.
- The ratio of NPLs to total non-bank loans ("NPL rate") increased from 2.0% at end September 2005 to 2.1% at end December 2005.
- Of the total \$1.87 billion NPAs at end December 2005, 65% were classified as substandard, 15% as doubtful and the remaining 20% in the loss category. 51% of the NPAs were secured by collateral.

Analysis of Non-Performing Assets by Industry

	December 31, 2005 Specific		September 30, 2005 Specific		December 31, 200 Specifi	
In \$ millions	NPAs	Provisions	NPAs	Provisions	NPAs	Provisions
Customer loans						
Manufacturing	434	225	380	207	365	175
Building and Construction	103	37	152	38	237	58
Housing Loans	256	66	245	63	253	67
General Commerce	367	150	277	122	186	75
Transportation, Storage and					27	10
Communications	30	13	23	6		
Financial Institutions, Investment and						
Holding Companies	164	47	192	50	201	58
Professionals and Private Individuals						
(except Housing Loans)	204	84	220	98	239	108
Others	133	71	154	68	255	78
Sub-total	1,691	693	1,643	652	1,763	629
Debt securities	130	57	136	58	138	52
Contingent items	44	19	28	16	18	8
Total	1,865	769	1,807	726	1,919	689

Analysis of Non-Performing Assets by Period Overdue

In \$ millions	December 31, 2005	September 30,2005	December 31, 2004
Not overdue	697	665	744
< 90 days overdue	353	310	339
91-180 days overdue	157	270	157
> 180 days overdue	658	562	679
Total	1,865	1,807	1,919

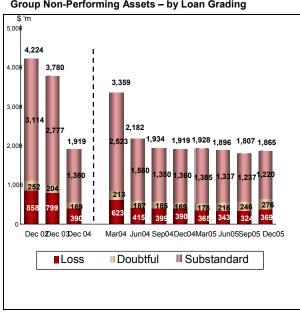
Restructured Assets

	Decei	December 31, 2005 Specific		mber 30, 2005 Specific	December 31, 2004 Specific		
In \$ millions	NPAs	provisions	NPAs	Provisions	NPAs	provisions	
Substandard	429	85	446	83	351	34	
Doubtful	26	27	23	31	10	10	
Loss	41	41	43	44	58	58	
Total	496	153	512	158	419	102	

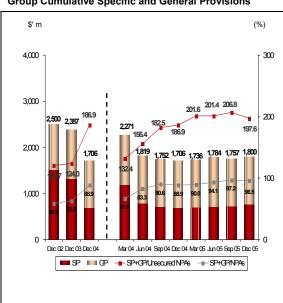
Cumulative Specific and General Provisions

Total cumulative specific and general provisions at end December 2005 were 197.6% of unsecured NPAs, and 96.5% of total NPAs.

Group Non-Performing Assets – by Loan Grading



Group Cumulative Specific and General Provisions



Total Deposits

	Dec 31	Sep 30	Dec 31
In \$ millions	2005	2005	2004
Due to non-bank customers	116,884	114,918	113,206
Due to banks	8,959	9,995	10,939
Total	125,843	124,913	124,145

Customer Deposits

In \$ millions	Dec 31 2005	Sep 30 2005	Dec 31 2004
Analysed by Currency			
Singapore dollar	64,112	62.922	62,052
US dollar	22,676	21,645	23,709
Hong Kong dollar	19,736	20,066	17,900
Others	10,360	10,285	9,545
Total	116,884	114,918	113,206
Analysed by Product			
Savings accounts	45.409	46.264	49.697
Current accounts	14,004	11,796	11,694
Fixed deposits	54,585	53,612	45,767
Other deposits	2,886	3,246	6,048
Total	116,884	114,918	113,206

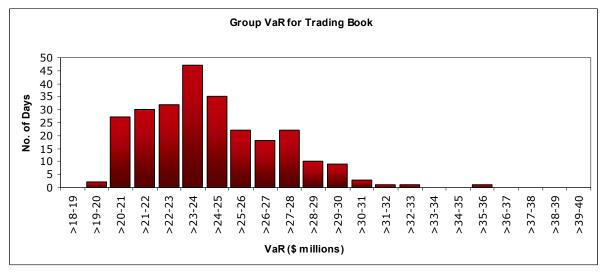
Value at Risk and Trading Income

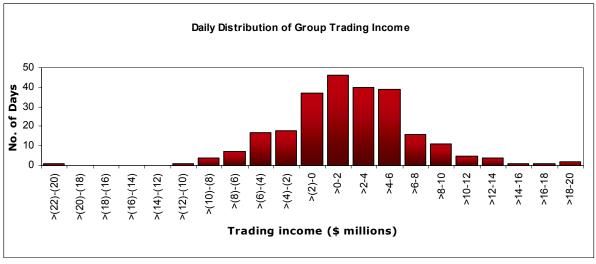
The Group uses a Value at Risk ("VaR") measure as one mechanism for controlling trading risk. The VaR is calculated using a one-day time horizon and a 99% confidence interval. The following table shows the period-end, average, high and low VaR for the trading risk exposure of the DBSH Group for the period from January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2005.

		January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2005			
In \$ millions	As at December 31, 2005	Average	High ^{1/}	Low 1/	
Interest rate	22.4	25.9	33.2	20.7	
FX	2.9	6.4	15.6	1.5	
Equity	4.2	6.6	28.0	3.0	
Diversification effect	(8.4)	(14.6)	-	-	
Total	21.1	24.3	35.5	19.6	

Note:

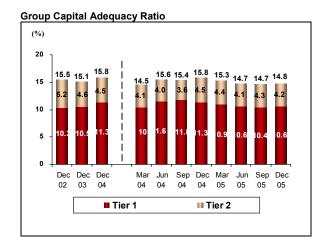
The charts below provide the range of VaR and the daily distribution of trading income in the trading portfolio for the period from January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2005.





The high (& low) VaR figures reported for each risk class did not necessarily occur on the same day as the high (& low) reported for total. A corresponding diversification effect cannot be calculated and is therefore omitted from the table.

Capital Adequacy Ratio



At December 31, 2005, the total Capital Adequacy Ratio ("CAR") for DBSH Group was 14.8% based on MAS capital framework (MAS Notice 637). Tier 1 CAR was 10.6%.

Group Capital

In \$ millions	Dec 31 2005	Sep 30 2005	Dec 31 2004
Tier 1 Capital			
Paid ordinary/preference shares	1,564	1,563	1,559
Disclosed reserves/others	17,377	17,989	17,146
Goodwill	(5,823)	(6,931)	(6,931)
	13,118	12,621	11,774
Tier 2 Capital			
Cumulative general provisions	963	965	971
Subordinated debts	4,222	4,336	4,371
Others	13	(124)	(674)
	5,198	5,177	4,668
Total Capital	18,316	17,798	16,442
Risk Weighted Assets	123,847	121,165	103,987

Unrealised Valuation Surpluses

Unrealised Valuation Surpluses

	Dec 31	Sep 30	Dec 31
In \$ millions	2005	2005	2004
Properties	416	756	653
Non-trading investments	25	45	531
Total	441	801	1,184

Unrealised valuation surpluses for properties and non-trading investments not recognised in the financial statements amounted to \$0.4 billion at end December 2005. The decline in unrealised valuation surpluses of non-trading investments from end December 2004 was mainly due to the adoption of FRS 39 from January 1, 2005, which recognised the changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments in balance sheet reserves. The decline during fourth quarter 2005 was mainly due to the sale of DBS Tower One and Tower Two.

The following table analyses the results, total assets and total liabilities by business segments:

Group Business Segments

In \$ millions	4th Qtr 2005	4th Qtr 2004	+/(-) %	3rd Qtr 2005	Year 2005	Year 2004	+/(-) %
Operating income							
Consumer Banking	468	407	15	423	1,731	1,594	9
Enterprise Banking	190	189	1	188	738	744	(1)
Corporate and Investment Banking	240	163	47	175	818	706	16
Global Financial Markets	135	147	(8)	157	618	961	(36)
Central Treasury Unit	37	85	(56)	62	187	361	(48)
Central Operations	347	46	>100	48	549	610	(10)
·	1,417	1,037	37	1,053	4,641	4,976	(7)
Operating profit before taxation and goodwill charges							
Consumer Banking	224	139	61	185	792	571	39
Enterprise Banking	88	92	(4)	101	373	366	2
Corporate and Investment Banking	149	85	75	110	473	500	(5)
Global Financial Markets	33	52	(37)	52	235	578	(59)
Central Treasury Unit	40	81	(51)	62	176	332	(47)
Central Operations	292 826	108 557	>100 48	47 557	417 2,466	659 3,006	(37) (18)
Other Information Capital expenditure Consumer Banking Enterprise Banking Corporate and Investment Banking Global Financial Markets Central Treasury Unit Central Operations	22 12 3 11 6 75	3 1 1 4 1 25 35	>100 >100 >100 >100 >100 >100 >100	3 3 1 3 1 36 47	34 19 7 23 9 133 225	14 7 3 12 3 61 100	>100 >100 >100 92 >100 >100
Depreciation							
Consumer Banking	7	5	40	7	29	30	(3)
Enterprise Banking	3	2	50	4	15	14	7
Corporate and Investment Banking	1	1	-	1	3	4	(25)
Global Financial Markets	5	4	25	4	20	19	5
Central Treasury Unit	1 18	1 17	6	2 18	7 74	6 74	17
Central Operations	35	30	17	36	148	147	1

In \$ millions	Dec 31 2005	Dec 31 2004	+/(-) %	Sep 30 2005
Total assets before goodwill				
Consumer Banking	29,518	28,125	5	30,081
Enterprise Banking	18,396	16,045	15	19,090
Corporate and Investment Banking	32,824	27,097	21	32,094
Global Financial Markets	68,758	71,529	(4)	68,491
Central Treasury Unit	24,047	23,292	`3´	23,934
Central Operations	858	2,652	(68)	1,956
·	174,401	168,740	3	175,646
Total liabilities				
Consumer Banking	68,415	65,125	5	67,827
Enterprise Banking	17,862	15,233	17	17,488
Corporate and Investment Banking	17,953	15,482	16	14,314
Global Financial Markets	32,980	39,221	(16)	39,829
Central Treasury Unit	1,417	2,468	(43)	2,131
Central Operations	22,387	19,267	`16 [′]	21,100
·	161,014	156,796	3	162,689

Business Segment Analysis

The business segment results represent the customer segments of the respective businesses and are determined by:

- Income and direct expenses attributable to each customer and other segment; and
- Management accounting policies relating to the allocation of indirect expenses and funds transfer pricing between the central treasury unit and customer/other segments.

The various customer segments are described below, along with an analysis of the change in operating profit before taxation for fourth guarter 2005 over fourth guarter 2004 and for 2005 over 2004.

Consumer Banking

Consumer Banking provides individual customers with a diverse range of banking and related financial services. The products and services offered to customers include current and savings accounts, fixed deposits, loans and home finance, cards, payments and investment products.

Quarter-on-quarter, operating profit before taxation increased (\$85 million, 61%) on the back of higher net interest income.

Year-on-year, the increase in operating profit before taxation (\$221 million, 39%) was also due to higher net interest income as well as growth in customer loan and deposit volumes.

• Enterprise Banking

Enterprise Banking provides financial services and products to small and medium-sized businesses. The products and services offered to customers include credit facilities (overdraft, factoring/accounts receivable purchase, trade services and financing, commercial/industrial property financing, hire purchase and government financing and assistance schemes), deposit, payment and collection services and treasury products.

Quarter-on-quarter, operating profit before taxation decreased (\$4 million, 4%) largely due to higher provisions.

Year-on-year, the increase in operating profit before taxation (\$7 million, 2%) was mainly attributable to higher fee income from trade and foreign exchange transactions.

Corporate and Investment Banking

Corporate and Investment Banking provides tailored and unique financial solutions to large corporate and institutional clients. The products and services offered to customers include direct lending, corporate finance and advisory banking services for mergers and acquisitions, capital raising through debt and equity markets, capital restructuring, syndicated finance, securities and fiduciary services, cash management and trade services, and private equity.

Quarter-on-quarter, the increase in operating profit before taxation (\$64 million, 75%) was mainly due to higher fee and dividend income from investment banking activities.

Year-on-year, the decrease in operating profit before taxation (\$27 million, 5%) was largely due to higher provisions.

Global Financial Markets

Global Financial Markets provides treasury services to corporations, institutional and private investors, financial institutions and other market participants. It is primarily involved in market making, structuring, equity and debt sales and trading across a broad range of financial products including foreign exchange, interest rate/credit/equity and other structured derivatives. Income from financial products and services relating to other customer segments, e.g. Consumer Banking, Enterprise Banking and Corporate and Investment Banking, is reflected in the respective customer segments.

Global Financial Markets also provides equity services through DBS Vickers Securities ("DBSV"). DBSV offers a wide range of services to retail and corporate customers including research, sales and trading, share placement, nominees and securities custodian services and distribution of primary and secondary issues.

Quarter-on-quarter, the decrease in operating profit before taxation (\$19 million, 37%) was largely due to lower gains from treasury products.

Year-on-year, the decrease in operating profit before taxation (\$343 million, 59%) was also mainly due to lower gains from treasury products.

Central Treasury Unit

Central Treasury Unit is responsible for the management of the Group's asset and liability interest rate positions and investment of the Group's excess liquidity and shareholders' funds.

Quarter-on-quarter, the decrease in operating profit before taxation (\$41 million, 51%) was due to lower gapping income resulting from flattening of interest rate yield curves.

Year-on-year, the decrease in operating profit before taxation (\$156 million, 47%) was also due to lower gapping income resulting from flattening of interest rate yield curves and 2004 benefiting from profit on sales of bonds.

• Central Operations

Central Operations encompasses a range of activities resulting from central corporate decisions and the related income and expenses not attributed to business segments. These include funding costs of DBSH Group's associates and subsidiaries and gains/losses on properties. Private banking activities and asset management activities are included in this segment.

Quarter-on-quarter, the increase in operating profit before taxation was largely due to sale of DBS Tower One and Tower Two.

Year-on-year, the decrease in operating profit before taxation was mainly due to one-time gains of \$497 million from the sale of the Group's stake in DBS Thai Danu Bank and Wing Lung Bank in second quarter 2004. In 2005, there was a one-time gain of \$303 million from sale of DBS Tower One and Tower Two.

Geographical Segment Analysis

The following table analyses total assets, operating income and net profit (before goodwill charges) by geographical segments. Unless otherwise stated, the analysis of geographical segments is generally based on the location of the office recording the transactions. The total assets, operating income and net profit (before goodwill charges) are stated after elimination of inter-group assets and revenues.

In \$ millions	4 th Qtr 2005	4 th Qtr 2004	+/(-) %	3 rd Qtr 2005	Year 2005	Year 2004	+/(-) %
Operating Income							
Singapore	990	646	53	647	3,037	3,279	(7)
Hong Kong	340	333	2	324	1,266	1,384	(9)
Rest of Greater China	30	17	76	20	92	68	35
South and Southeast Asia	33	27	22	37	141	168	(16)
Rest of the World	24	14	71	25	105	77	36
	1,417	1,037	37	1,053	4,641	4,976	(7)
Net Profit (before goodwill charges)							
Singapore	541	305	77	253	1,374	1,716	(20)
Hong Kong	117	132	(11)	125	481	588	(18)
Rest of Greater China	8	2	>100	(2)	4	19	(79)
South and Southeast Asia	16	17	(6)	46	100	111	(10)
Rest of the World	5	(24)	NM	(3)	(7)	1	(>100)
	687	432	59	419	1,952	2,435	(20)

NM: Not meaningful

Notes:

1/ Includes one-time gains of \$497 million for 2004 and \$303 million for 2005.

2/ In addition to operations in Singapore and Hong Kong, DBSH Group also operates in the following geographical areas:

- "Rest of Greater China", which includes branch operations in China and Taiwan.
- · "South and Southeast Asia", which includes branch and subsidiary operations in India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand and the Philippines.
- "Rest of the World", which are mainly branch operations in South Korea, Japan, United States and United Kingdom.

	Dec 31 2005	Dec 31 2004	+/(-) %	Sep 30 2005
In \$ millions				
Total Assets				
Singapore	116,087	115,665	0	116,894
Hong Kong	41,393	40,111	3	42,408
Rest of Greater China	5,861	3,783	55	5,247
South and Southeast Asia	3,781	2,756	37	3,773
Rest of the World	7,279	6,425	13	7,324
	174,401	168,740	3	175,646

Comparatives

The financial statements for prior periods have been restated to comply with changes in accounting policies and to make them consistent with the current year's presentation.

Audited Consolidated Income Statement 1/

In \$ millions	4th Qtr 2005 ^{2/}	4th Qtr 2004 ^{2/}	+/(-) %	3rd Qtr 2005 ^{2/}	Year 2005	Year 2004	+/(-) %
Operating income							
Interest income	1,607	1,084	48	1,440	5,542	4,043	37
Interest expense	807	419	93	694	2,599	1,352	92
Net interest income	800	665	20	746	2,943	2,691	9
Net fee and commission income	241	233	3	242	986	933	6
Net trading income	(18)	96	(>100)	1	159	594	(73)
Net gain from non-trading investments	33	25	32	32	102	644	(84)
Other income	361	18	>100	32	451	114	>100
Total operating income	1,417	1,037	37	1,053	4,641	4,976	(7)
Operating expenses							
Personnel expenses	279	257	9	255	1,052	993	6
General and administrative expenses	237	233	2	214	826	816	1
Depreciation of properties and other fixed assets	35	30	17	36	148	147	1
Goodwill charges	1,128	110	NM	-	1,128	440	NM
Provisions for credit and other losses	55	(30)	>100	4	203	63	>100
Total operating expenses	1,734	600	>100	509	3,357	2,459	37
Operating (loss)/profit	(317)	<i>1</i> 37	(>100)	544	1,284	2,517	(49)
Share of profits of associates	15	10	50	13	54	49	10
Operating (loss)/profit before tax	(302)	447	(>100)	557	1,338	2,566	(48)
Income tax expense	94	88	7	97	353	420	(16)
Net (loss)/profit	(396)	359	(>100)	460	985	2,146	(54)
Attributable to:							
Shareholders	(441)	322	(>100)	419	824	1,995	(59)
Minority interests	45	37	` 22	41	161	151	<u> </u>
	(396)	359	(>100)	460	985	2,146	(54)

NM: Not meaningful

Figures for prior periods have been restated to reflect the effects on adoption of new or revised Financial Reporting Standards Unaudited

Audited Balance Sheet as at 1/

		GROUP		(COMPANY	
In \$ millions	Dec 31 2005	Sep 30 2005 ^{2/}	Dec 31 2004	Dec 31 2005	Sep 30 2005 ^{2/}	Dec 31 2004
ASSETS	2000	2000	2004	2000	2000	200-
Cash and balances with central banks	4,986	5,881	10,479			
Singapore Government securities and treasury bills	9,846	11,394	11,124			
Due from banks	23,816	19,748	25,169			
Other financial securities at fair value through profit or loss	14,989	15,385	9,687			
Positive replacement values	8,792	9,40	10,542			
Loans and advances to customers	79,462	78,776	69,659	-	-	3
Non-trading investments	23,102	24,420	21,657			
Securities pledged	2,380	2,912	4,630	0.700	0.040	0.004
Subsidiaries	- 585	517	491	6,790	6,818	6,831
Investments in associates Goodwill on consolidation	5,803	6,931	6,931			
Properties and other fixed assets	1,662	1,812	1,798			
Deferred tax assets	51	63	103			
Other assets	4,730	5,337	3,401			
TOTAL ASSETS	180,204	182,577	175,671	6,790	6,818	6,834
LIABILITIES						
Due to banks	8,959	9,995	10,939			
Negative replacement values	8,537	9,359	10,116			
Due to non-bank customers	116,884	114,918	113,206			
Bills payable	378	358	350			
Current tax liabilities	557	641	630			
Deferred tax liabilities	58	60	63	-	-	-
Other liabilities	12,274	14,011	9,279	6	6	5
Other debt securities in issue ^{3/} - due within one year	8,002 2,664	7,838 2,650	7,132 2,896			
- due after one year	5,338	5,188	4,236			
Subordinated term debts	5,365	5,509	5,081			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	161,014	162,689	156,796	6	6	5
NET ASSETS	19,190	19,888	18,875	6,784	6,812	6,829
EQUITY			,		,	<u> </u>
Share capital	1,564	1,563	1,559	1,564	1,563	1,559
Share premium account	2,269	2,256	2,208	2,269	2,256	2,208
Treasury shares	(117)	(117)	(126)	-	-	
Non-distributable reserves	6,841	6,875	6,627	77	73	62
Revenue reserve	6,167	6,839	6,176	2,874	2,920	3,000
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16,724	17,416	16,444	6,784	6,812	6,829
Minority interests	2,466	2,472	2,431	-	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY	19,190	19,888	18,875	6,784	6,812	6,829
OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS						
Contingent liabilities	8,769	8,450	8,529			
Commitments	75,804	73,732	66,461			
Financial derivatives	1,359,935	1,568,450	1,522,820			
OTHER INFORMATION Net asset value per ordinary share (\$)						
(i) Based on existing ordinary share capital				4.48	4.50	4.50
(ii) Assuming conversion of outstanding preference						
shares to ordinary shares				4.34	4.36	4.36

Notes: 1/ 2/ 3/ Figures for prior periods have been restated to reflect the effects on adoption of new or revised Financial Reporting Standards
Unaudited
Includes secured amount of \$2,049 million as at December 31, 2005 (September 30, 2005: \$1,992 million; December 31, 2004: \$1,814 million). These are mainly secured by properties and securities.

Audited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity^{1/}

	01	a !	_	Non-			
In \$ millions	Share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	distributable reserves	Revenue reserve	Minority interests	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2005	1,559	2,208		6,585	6,150	1,128	17,630
Effects on adoption of new or revised FRS			(126)	42	26	1,303	1,245
Balance at January 1, 2005 (restated)	1,559	2,208	(126)	6,627	6,176	2,431	18,875
On adoption of FRS 39 at January 1, 2005				292	(25)		267
Exercise of share options	5	59					64
Net exchange translation adjustments				7		21	28
Share of associates' capital reserves				8			8
Cost of share-based payments				41			41
Draw-down of reserves upon vesting of performance shares			9	(9)			
Reclassification of reserves upon exercise of share options		2		(2)			
Available-for-sale investments/Cash flow hedge:				(-)			
- Net valuation taken to equity				(59)			(59)
- Transferred to income statement on sale				(88)			(88)
- Tax on items taken directly to or transferred from equity				(11)			(11)
Net profit for the year				()	824	161	985
Appropriation from income statement				35	(35)		
Dividends paid on ordinary and preference shares					(773)		(773)
Dividends paid to minority interests					` ,	(151)	(151)
Change in minority interests						4	4
Balance at December 31, 2005	1,564	2,269	(117)	6,841	6,167	2,466	19,190
Balance at January 1, 2004	1,556	2,171	_	6,499	4,670	1,125	16,021
Effects on adoption of new or revised FRS	,	,	(138)	11	49	1,356	1,278
Balance at January 1, 2004 (restated)	1,556	2,171	(138)	6,510	4,719	2,481	17,299
Exercise of share options	3	37					40
Net exchange translation adjustments				(29)		(56)	(85)
Cost of share-based payments				43		, ,	43
Draw-down of reserves upon vesting of performance shares			12	(12)			_
Net profit for the year				(12)	1,995	151	2,146
Appropriation from income statement				97	(97)	101	2,110
Dividends paid on ordinary and preference shares				31	(423)		(423)
Dividends paid to minority interests					(120)	(149)	(149)
Change in minority interests						4	(143)
Goodwill transferred on disposal of subsidiaries				18	(18)	7	-
Balance at December 31, 2004	1,559	2,208	(126)	6,627	6,176	2,431	18,875

Note:

^{1/} Figures for prior periods have been restated to reflect the effects on adoption of new or revised Financial Reporting Standards

Statement of Changes in Equity of DBS Group Holdings Ltd $^{1/}$

In \$ millions	Share capital	Share premium	Non- distributable reserves	Revenue reserve	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2005	1,559	2,208	28	3,000	6,795
Effects on adoption of new or revised FRS			34		34
Balance at January 1, 2005 (restated)	1,559	2,208	62	3,000	6,829
Exercise of share options	5	59			64
Cost of share-based payments			17		17
Reclassification of reserves upon exercise of share options		2	(2)		-
Dividends paid on ordinary and preference shares				(776)	(776)
Net profit for the year				650	650
Balance at December 31, 2005	1,564	2,269	77_	2,874	6,784
Balance at January 1, 2004	1,556	2,171	28	3,001	6,756
Effects on adoption of new or revised FRS			9		9
Balance at January 1, 2004 (restated)	1,556	2,171	37	3,001	6,765
Exercise of share options	3	37			40
Cost of share-based payments			25		25
Dividends paid on ordinary and preference shares				(423)	(423)
Net profit for the year				422	422
Balance at December 31, 2004	1,559	2,208	62	3,000	6,829

Note

^{1/} Figures for prior periods have been restated to reflect the effects on adoption of new or revised Financial Reporting Standards

Audited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows $^{1/}$

In \$ millions	Year 2005	Year 2004
Cash flows from operating activities		
Operating profit before tax	1,338	2,566
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Provisions for credit and other losses	203	63
Depreciation of properties and other fixed assets Goodwill charges	148 1,128	147 440
Share of profits of associates	(54)	(49)
Net gain on disposal of properties and other fixed assets	(314)	(4)
Net gain on disposal of non-trading investments	(121)	(644)
Operating profit before changes in operating assets & liabilities	2,328	2,519
Increase/(Decrease) in:	(000)	(40)
Change in restricted balances with central banks Due to non-bank customers	(938) 3,678	(16) 8,599
Due to hon-bank customers Due to banks	(1,980)	3,590
Other liabilities including bills payable	1,372	3,313
• . ,	,	-,-
(Increase)/Decrease in: Singapore Government securities and treasury bills	1,337	2.081
Other financial securities at fair value through profit or loss	(4,422)	(3,679)
Other assets	2,894	(3,188)
Due from banks	1,341	2,232
Loans and advances to customers	(10,038)	(8,610)
Tax paid	(440)	(284)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities (1)	(4,868)	6,557
Cash flows from investing activities		
Dividends from associates	40	33
Purchase of properties and other fixed assets	(225)	(100)
Net decrease in non-trading investments Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	(1,346)	(652) (69)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries Proceeds from disposal of properties and other fixed assets	733	40
Acquisition of interest in associates	(42)	-
Net cash used in investing activities (2)	(840)	(748)
Cook flows from financing activities		
Cash flows from financing activities Increase in share capital and share premium	66	40
Net increase in debt securities and borrowings	1,059	1,757
Proceeds from issue of subordinated term debts	· -	1,225
Dividends paid to shareholders of the Company	(773)	(423)
Dividends paid to minority interests	(151)	(149)
Net cash generated from financing activities (3)	201	2,450
Exchange translation adjustments (4)	15	(29)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents (1)+(2)+(3)+(4)	(5,492)	8,230
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1	14,900	6,670
Cash and cash equivalents at December 31	9,408	14,900

Note

^{1/} Figures for prior periods have been restated to reflect the effects on adoption of new or revised Financial Reporting Standards

Selected Notes to the Accounts

Issuance of Ordinary Shares

During the quarter from October 1, 2005 to December 31, 2005, the Group issued 1,002,460 ordinary shares upon the exercise of share options pursuant to the DBSH Share Option Plan.

New ordinary shares that would have been issued on conversion of preference shares and exercise of share option are as follows:

(Number)	Dec 31, 2005	Sep 30, 2005	Dec 31, 2004
Conversion of non-voting convertible preference shares ("CPS")	120,436	120,436	120,436
Conversion of non-voting redeemable CPS	66,475,374	66,475,374	66,475,374
Exercise of share options	39,474,281	41,692,146	46,749,383

Hong Kong Country Results

For fourth quarter 2005, net profit after taxation for Hong Kong operations on a Singapore GAAP basis declined 11% from fourth quarter 2004 and 6% from third quarter 2005 to \$117 million mainly due to higher operating expenses and higher provision charges, partly offset by higher operating income. Compared with 2004, net profit after taxation for the year 2005 decreased 18% due to lower operating income and higher operating expenses, partly offset by lower provision charge.

- Net interest income was up 30% from fourth quarter 2004 mainly due to the wider spread between the HKD Prime rate and HIBOR ^{1/2} and increase in customer loans, partly offset by competitive price pressures on loan yields. Compared to third quarter 2005, net interest income was up 11% mainly due to further widening of spread between the HKD Prime rate and HIBOR and increase in customer loans. Compared to 2004, net interest income for the year increased 5% mainly due to increase in customer loans and adoption of FRS 39, partly offset by narrower spread between the HKD Prime rate and HIBOR.
- Non-interest income declined by 46% from fourth quarter 2004. This is mainly due to marked-to-market losses from adoption of FRS 39 and a decline in income from sales of treasury investment products. In the fourth quarter 2004, DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited divested part of its stake in Banco de Oro Universal Bank, a bank in the Philippines, recording a \$12 million gain. Non-interest income for the year 2005 dropped 34%, also mainly due to mark-to-market losses from adoption of FRS 39.
- Operating expenses were 15% higher compared to fourth quarter 2004 and 7% higher compared to third quarter 2005 mainly due to higher wage costs. Year-on-year, operating expenses were 9% higher.
- Provision charge was comparable to fourth quarter 2004. For the full year, provision charge was
 58% lower than the year 2004, reflecting the stronger economic environment and property market.

Profit and Loss Account (Based on Singapore Generally Accepted Accounting Principles)									
In \$ millions	4th Qtr	4th Qtr	+/(-)	3rd Qtr	Year	Year	+/(-)		
	2005	2004	%	2005	2005	2004	%		
Net interest income	275	212	30	247	947	899	5		
Non-interest income	65	121	(46)	77	319	485	(34)		
Operating income	340	333	2	324	1,266	1,384	(9)		
Operating expenses	(179)	(156)	15	(167)	(653)	(598)	9		
Operating profit before provisions Provisions	161	177	(9)	157	613	786	(22)		
	(25)	(24)	4	(7)	(44)	(104)	(58)		
Operating profit	136	153	(11)	150	569	682	(17)		
Net profit before taxation	136	153	(11)	150	569	682	(17)		
Net profit after taxation	117	132	(11)	125	481	588	(18)		

Note

^{1/} HIBOR: Hong Kong Interbank Offer Rate